

# Crystal structure of 5-chloro-2,4,6-trimethyl-3-(4-methylphenylsulfinyl)-1-benzofuran

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In the title compound, C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>17</sub>ClO<sub>2</sub>S, the dihedral angle between the planes of the benzofuran ring [r.m.s. deviation = 0.013 (1) Å] and the 4-methylphenyl ring is 87.37 (5)°. In the crystal, molecules are linked by C—H···O hydrogen bonds and  $\pi$ – $\pi$  interactions between the furan and benzene rings of neighbouring molecules [centroid–centroid distance = 3.525 (2) Å]. In addition, an S···S [3.6584 (9) Å] contact is observed.

**Keywords:** crystal structure; benzofuran; 4-methylphenyl; C—H···O and C—H··· $\pi$  hydrogen bonds;  $\pi$ – $\pi$  and S···S interactions.

**CCDC reference:** 1031568

## 1. Related literature

For the pharmacological properties of benzofuran compounds, see: Aslam *et al.* (2009); Galal *et al.* (2009); Howlett *et al.* (1999); Wahab Khan *et al.* (2005); Ono *et al.* (2002). For natural products with a benzofuran ring, see: Akgul & Anil (2003); Soekamto *et al.* (2003). For the synthesis of the starting material 5-chloro-2,4,6-trimethyl-3-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)-1-benzofuran, see: Choi *et al.* (1999). For a related structure, see: Choi *et al.* (2012).

## 2. Experimental

### 2.1. Crystal data

C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>17</sub> ClO <sub>2</sub> S	$\gamma = 81.093 (2)^\circ$
$M_r = 332.83$	$V = 799.51 (4) \text{ \AA}^3$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$Z = 2$
$a = 8.7938 (2) \text{ \AA}$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$b = 9.1775 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.37 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 10.7298 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 173 \text{ K}$
$\alpha = 86.571 (1)^\circ$	$0.60 \times 0.56 \times 0.08 \text{ mm}$
$\beta = 69.157 (1)^\circ$	

### 2.2. Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD diffractometer	14763 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2009)	3988 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.807$ , $T_{\max} = 0.971$	3502 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.048$

### 2.3. Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.043$	203 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.124$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.05$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.83 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
3988 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.41 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

**Table 1**

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C6—H6···O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.95	2.30	3.180 (2)	154
C17—H17···O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.95	2.56	3.434 (2)	153

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x + 1, y, z$ ; (ii)  $-x + 1, -y + 2, -z + 1$ .

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 2012) and DIAMOND (Brandenburg, 1998); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

## Acknowledgements

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Supporting information for this paper is available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: NK2227).

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## supporting information

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## Crystal structure of 5-chloro-2,4,6-trimethyl-3-(4-methylphenylsulfinyl)-1-benzofuran

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### S1. Comment

Substituted benzofurans show interesting pharmacological properties such as antibacterial and antifungal, antitumor and antiviral, antimicrobial activities (Aslam *et al.* 2009, Galal *et al.*, 2009, Wahab Khan *et al.*, 2005), and potential inhibitor of  $\beta$ -amyloid aggregation (Howlett *et al.*, 1999, Ono *et al.*, 2002). These benzofuran compounds occur in a great number of natural products. (Akgul & Anil, 2003, Soekamto *et al.*, 2003). As a part of our ongoing project of 3-arylsulfinyl-5-chloro-2-methyl-1-benzofuran derivatives containing 4-bromophenylsulfinyl substituent in 3-position (Choi *et al.*, 2012), we report herein on the crystal structure of the title compound.

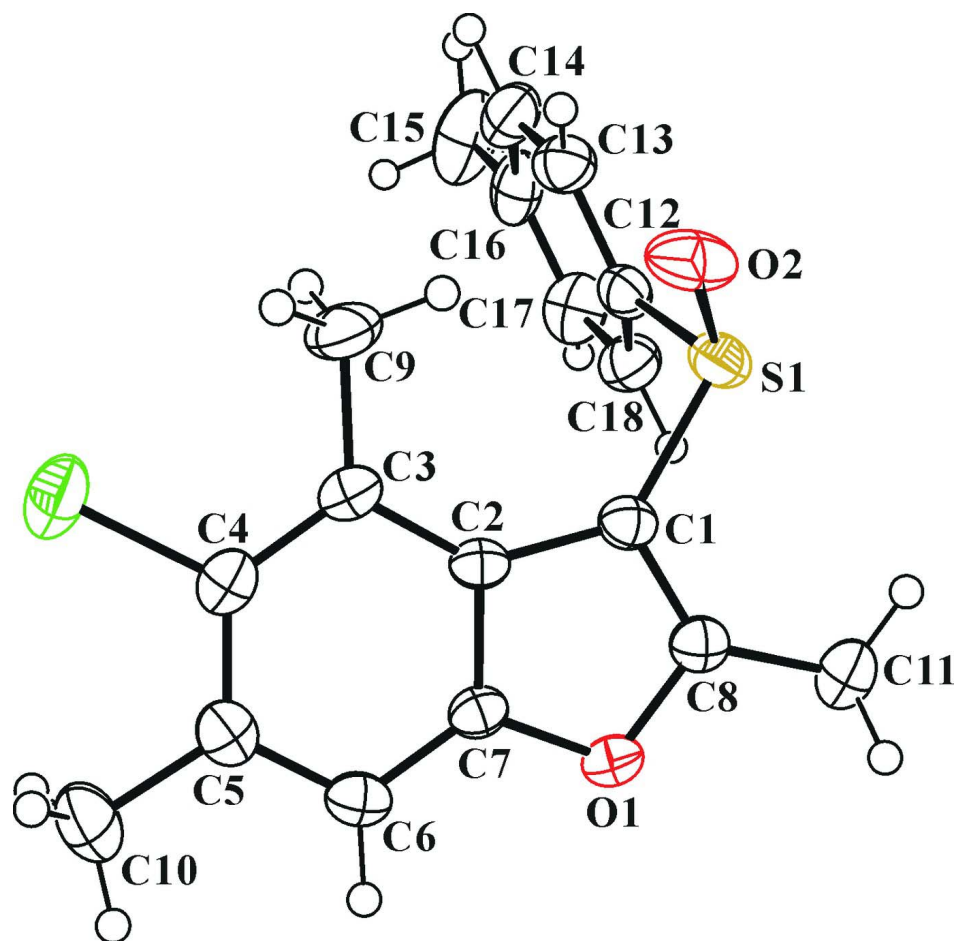
In the title molecule (Fig. 1), the benzofuran unit is essentially planar, with a mean deviation of 0.013 (1) Å from the least-squares plane defined by the nine constituent atoms. The 4-methylphenyl ring is essentially planar, with a mean deviation of 0.003 (1) Å from the least-squares plane defined by the six constituent atoms. The dihedral angle formed by the benzofuran ring and the 4-methylphenyl ring is 87.37 (5)°. In the crystal structure (Fig. 2), molecules are linked by C—H $\cdots$ O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) and  $\pi$ – $\pi$  interactions between the furan and benzene rings of neighbouring molecules, with a Cg1 $\cdots$ Cg2<sup>iii</sup> distance of 3.525 (2) Å and an interplanar distance of 3.479 (2) Å resulting in a slippage of 0.568 (2) Å (Cg1 and Cg2 are the centroids of the C1/C2/C7/O1/C8 furan ring and the C2–C7 benzene ring, respectively). In the crystal (Fig. 2), an S1 $\cdots$ S1<sup>iv</sup> [3.6584 (9) Å] contact are observed.

### S2. Experimental

The starting material 5-chloro-2,4,6-trimethyl-3-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)-1-benzofuran was prepared by literature method (Choi *et al.* 1999). 3-Chloroperoxybenzoic acid (77%, 224 mg, 1.0 mmol) was added in small portions to a stirred solution of 5-chloro-2,4,6-trimethyl-3-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)-1-benzofuran (285 mg, 0.9 mmol) in dichloromethane (25 mL) at 273 K. After being stirred at room temperature for 8h, the mixture was washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (2 X 10 mL) and the organic layer was separated, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered and concentrated at reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane–ethyl acetate, 2:1 v/v) to afford the title compound as a colorless solid [yield 68% (226 mg); m.p. 466–467 K;  $R_f$  = 0.43 (hexane–ethyl acetate, 2:1 v/v)]. Single crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were prepared by slow evaporation of a solution of the title compound (23 mg) in acetone (15 mL) at room temperature.

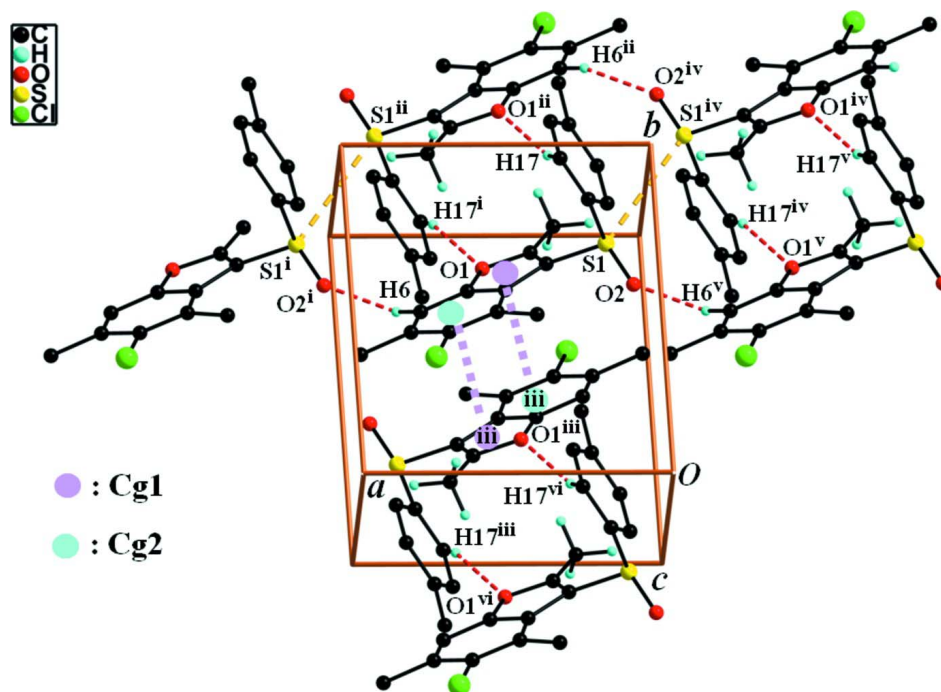
### S3. Refinement

All H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model, with C—H = 0.95 Å for aryl and 0.98 Å for methyl H atoms,  $U_{iso}$  (H) = 1.2 $U_{eq}$  (C) for aryl and 1.5 $U_{eq}$  (C) for methyl H atoms. The positions of methyl hydrogens were optimized using the SHELXL-97's command AFIX 137 (Sheldrick, 2008).



**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound with the atom numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. H atoms are presented as small spheres of arbitrary radius.

**Figure 2**

A view of the C—H...O,  $\pi$ - $\pi$  and S...S interactions (dotted lines) in the crystal structure of the title compound. H atoms non-participating in hydrogen-bonding were omitted for clarity. [Symmetry codes: (i)  $x + 1, y, z$ ; (ii)  $-x + 1, -y + 2, -z + 1$ ; (iii)  $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$ ; (iv)  $-x, -y + 2, -z + 1$ ; (v)  $x - 1, y, z$ ; (vi)  $x, y - 1, z$ .]

### 5-Chloro-2,4,6-trimethyl-3-(4-methylphenylsulfinyl)-1-benzofuran

#### Crystal data

$C_{18}H_{17}ClO_2S$

$M_r = 332.83$

Triclinic,  $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: -P 1

$a = 8.7938$  (2) Å

$b = 9.1775$  (3) Å

$c = 10.7298$  (3) Å

$\alpha = 86.571$  (1)°

$\beta = 69.157$  (1)°

$\gamma = 81.093$  (2)°

$V = 799.51$  (4) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 348$

$D_x = 1.383$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Melting point = 467–466 K

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 6565 reflections

$\theta = 2.6$ – $28.3$ °

$\mu = 0.37$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 173$  K

Block, colourless

$0.60 \times 0.56 \times 0.08$  mm

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD  
diffractometer

Radiation source: rotating anode

Graphite multilayer monochromator

Detector resolution: 10.0 pixels mm<sup>-1</sup>

$\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2009)

$T_{\min} = 0.807$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.971$

14763 measured reflections

3988 independent reflections

3502 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.048$

$\theta_{\max} = 28.4$ °,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.0$ °

$h = -11 \rightarrow 11$

$k = -12 \rightarrow 12$

$l = -11 \rightarrow 14$

*Refinement*Refinement on  $F^2$ 

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.043$  $wR(F^2) = 0.124$  $S = 1.05$ 

3988 reflections

203 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methodsSecondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map

Hydrogen site location: difference Fourier map

H-atom parameters constrained

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0641P)^2 + 0.2785P]$ where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$  $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$  $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.83 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$  $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.41 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ *Special details***Experimental.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\delta$  p.p.m.,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 400 Hz): 7.34 (d,  $J = 8.24$  Hz, 2H), 7.22 (d,  $J = 7.84$  Hz, 2H), 7.19 (s, 1H), 2.71 (s, 3H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 2.32 (s, 3H).**Geometry.** All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional R-factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and R-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C11	0.73398 (7)	0.38071 (5)	0.09920 (5)	0.04987 (16)
S1	0.14021 (5)	0.82594 (5)	0.46437 (4)	0.03532 (13)
O1	0.54038 (13)	0.77389 (12)	0.54951 (11)	0.0305 (2)
O2	0.06142 (17)	0.69774 (17)	0.45239 (15)	0.0502 (4)
C1	0.33771 (18)	0.76626 (16)	0.46945 (16)	0.0281 (3)
C2	0.47994 (18)	0.66515 (15)	0.39027 (15)	0.0256 (3)
C3	0.5174 (2)	0.56896 (16)	0.28374 (16)	0.0298 (3)
C4	0.6780 (2)	0.49579 (17)	0.23736 (16)	0.0321 (3)
C5	0.7994 (2)	0.50928 (18)	0.29109 (17)	0.0330 (3)
C6	0.75771 (19)	0.60170 (17)	0.39906 (16)	0.0315 (3)
H6	0.8345	0.6131	0.4403	0.038*
C7	0.60010 (19)	0.67636 (16)	0.44414 (15)	0.0265 (3)
C8	0.38130 (19)	0.82609 (17)	0.56227 (16)	0.0296 (3)
C9	0.3921 (3)	0.5445 (2)	0.2249 (2)	0.0471 (5)
H9A	0.4114	0.5990	0.1406	0.071*
H9B	0.2817	0.5794	0.2872	0.071*
H9C	0.4015	0.4390	0.2084	0.071*
C10	0.9703 (2)	0.4263 (2)	0.2351 (2)	0.0486 (5)
H10A	1.0322	0.4416	0.2921	0.073*
H10B	1.0256	0.4623	0.1449	0.073*
H10C	0.9645	0.3209	0.2320	0.073*
C11	0.2955 (2)	0.9357 (2)	0.66964 (18)	0.0405 (4)
H11A	0.3379	1.0297	0.6427	0.061*

H11B	0.3145	0.9000	0.7515	0.061*
H11C	0.1773	0.9499	0.6857	0.061*
C12	0.19683 (19)	0.91671 (17)	0.30487 (16)	0.0303 (3)
C13	0.1421 (2)	0.87745 (19)	0.20800 (19)	0.0374 (4)
H13	0.0840	0.7954	0.2211	0.045*
C14	0.1729 (2)	0.9595 (2)	0.09110 (19)	0.0426 (4)
H14	0.1359	0.9324	0.0238	0.051*
C15	0.2563 (3)	1.07992 (19)	0.07025 (18)	0.0433 (4)
C16	0.3090 (3)	1.11627 (19)	0.1702 (2)	0.0448 (4)
H16	0.3671	1.1982	0.1576	0.054*
C17	0.2795 (2)	1.03701 (19)	0.28696 (19)	0.0383 (4)
H17	0.3155	1.0645	0.3547	0.046*
C18	0.2873 (4)	1.1712 (2)	-0.0548 (2)	0.0668 (7)
H18A	0.4004	1.1425	-0.1153	0.100*
H18B	0.2711	1.2758	-0.0323	0.100*
H18C	0.2105	1.1550	-0.0983	0.100*

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C11	0.0693 (3)	0.0399 (2)	0.0368 (2)	0.0026 (2)	-0.0170 (2)	-0.01002 (18)
S1	0.0252 (2)	0.0470 (3)	0.0337 (2)	-0.00534 (16)	-0.01096 (16)	0.00375 (17)
O1	0.0335 (6)	0.0326 (5)	0.0308 (6)	-0.0075 (4)	-0.0165 (5)	-0.0015 (4)
O2	0.0404 (7)	0.0647 (9)	0.0563 (9)	-0.0267 (6)	-0.0252 (7)	0.0181 (7)
C1	0.0271 (7)	0.0302 (7)	0.0285 (7)	-0.0066 (6)	-0.0109 (6)	0.0033 (6)
C2	0.0271 (7)	0.0255 (6)	0.0278 (7)	-0.0082 (5)	-0.0129 (6)	0.0045 (5)
C3	0.0373 (8)	0.0276 (7)	0.0295 (8)	-0.0077 (6)	-0.0168 (7)	0.0012 (6)
C4	0.0420 (9)	0.0266 (7)	0.0274 (7)	-0.0058 (6)	-0.0116 (7)	0.0016 (6)
C5	0.0314 (8)	0.0323 (8)	0.0312 (8)	-0.0045 (6)	-0.0072 (6)	0.0067 (6)
C6	0.0292 (7)	0.0346 (8)	0.0342 (8)	-0.0089 (6)	-0.0146 (6)	0.0059 (6)
C7	0.0298 (7)	0.0264 (7)	0.0265 (7)	-0.0085 (5)	-0.0123 (6)	0.0024 (5)
C8	0.0309 (7)	0.0297 (7)	0.0293 (8)	-0.0062 (6)	-0.0117 (6)	0.0031 (6)
C9	0.0541 (11)	0.0450 (10)	0.0563 (12)	-0.0038 (8)	-0.0359 (10)	-0.0133 (9)
C10	0.0346 (9)	0.0530 (11)	0.0465 (11)	0.0025 (8)	-0.0043 (8)	0.0032 (9)
C11	0.0484 (10)	0.0385 (9)	0.0327 (9)	-0.0041 (7)	-0.0122 (8)	-0.0044 (7)
C12	0.0262 (7)	0.0323 (7)	0.0310 (8)	0.0008 (6)	-0.0103 (6)	0.0003 (6)
C13	0.0385 (9)	0.0350 (8)	0.0419 (9)	-0.0027 (7)	-0.0190 (8)	-0.0017 (7)
C14	0.0548 (11)	0.0390 (9)	0.0354 (9)	0.0051 (8)	-0.0216 (8)	-0.0067 (7)
C15	0.0565 (11)	0.0307 (8)	0.0335 (9)	0.0074 (7)	-0.0097 (8)	-0.0024 (7)
C16	0.0544 (11)	0.0300 (8)	0.0477 (11)	-0.0071 (8)	-0.0149 (9)	0.0007 (7)
C17	0.0429 (9)	0.0356 (8)	0.0399 (9)	-0.0045 (7)	-0.0190 (8)	-0.0032 (7)
C18	0.105 (2)	0.0425 (11)	0.0395 (11)	0.0014 (12)	-0.0150 (12)	0.0042 (9)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

C11—C4	1.7500 (16)	C9—H9C	0.9800
S1—O2	1.4882 (14)	C10—H10A	0.9800
S1—C1	1.7574 (15)	C10—H10B	0.9800

S1—C12	1.7950 (17)	C10—H10C	0.9800
S1—S1 <sup>i</sup>	3.6584 (9)	C11—H11A	0.9800
O1—C8	1.3672 (19)	C11—H11B	0.9800
O1—C7	1.3813 (18)	C11—H11C	0.9800
C1—C8	1.357 (2)	C12—C13	1.377 (2)
C1—C2	1.458 (2)	C12—C17	1.381 (2)
C2—C7	1.392 (2)	C13—C14	1.386 (3)
C2—C3	1.399 (2)	C13—H13	0.9500
C3—C4	1.393 (2)	C14—C15	1.384 (3)
C3—C9	1.501 (2)	C14—H14	0.9500
C4—C5	1.405 (2)	C15—C16	1.386 (3)
C5—C6	1.384 (2)	C15—C18	1.501 (3)
C5—C10	1.502 (2)	C16—C17	1.372 (3)
C6—C7	1.376 (2)	C16—H16	0.9500
C6—H6	0.9500	C17—H17	0.9500
C8—C11	1.481 (2)	C18—H18A	0.9800
C9—H9A	0.9800	C18—H18B	0.9800
C9—H9B	0.9800	C18—H18C	0.9800
O2—S1—C1	110.50 (8)	C5—C10—H10A	109.5
O2—S1—C12	106.80 (8)	C5—C10—H10B	109.5
C1—S1—C12	98.98 (7)	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
O2—S1—S1 <sup>i</sup>	113.79 (6)	C5—C10—H10C	109.5
C1—S1—S1 <sup>i</sup>	134.58 (5)	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
C12—S1—S1 <sup>i</sup>	77.68 (5)	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
C8—O1—C7	106.51 (11)	C8—C11—H11A	109.5
C8—C1—C2	107.06 (13)	C8—C11—H11B	109.5
C8—C1—S1	118.18 (12)	H11A—C11—H11B	109.5
C2—C1—S1	134.71 (12)	C8—C11—H11C	109.5
C7—C2—C3	118.93 (14)	H11A—C11—H11C	109.5
C7—C2—C1	104.37 (13)	H11B—C11—H11C	109.5
C3—C2—C1	136.70 (14)	C13—C12—C17	120.71 (16)
C4—C3—C2	115.52 (14)	C13—C12—S1	120.19 (13)
C4—C3—C9	122.27 (15)	C17—C12—S1	118.68 (13)
C2—C3—C9	122.20 (15)	C12—C13—C14	119.00 (17)
C3—C4—C5	125.18 (15)	C12—C13—H13	120.5
C3—C4—C11	117.32 (12)	C14—C13—H13	120.5
C5—C4—C11	117.49 (13)	C15—C14—C13	121.47 (17)
C6—C5—C4	118.13 (15)	C15—C14—H14	119.3
C6—C5—C10	119.95 (16)	C13—C14—H14	119.3
C4—C5—C10	121.92 (17)	C14—C15—C16	117.83 (17)
C7—C6—C5	117.09 (14)	C14—C15—C18	121.9 (2)
C7—C6—H6	121.5	C16—C15—C18	120.3 (2)
C5—C6—H6	121.5	C17—C16—C15	121.75 (18)
C6—C7—O1	124.07 (13)	C17—C16—H16	119.1
C6—C7—C2	125.10 (14)	C15—C16—H16	119.1
O1—C7—C2	110.83 (13)	C16—C17—C12	119.23 (16)
C1—C8—O1	111.21 (13)	C16—C17—H17	120.4



C1—C8—C11	133.88 (15)	C12—C17—H17	120.4
O1—C8—C11	114.89 (14)	C15—C18—H18A	109.5
C3—C9—H9A	109.5	C15—C18—H18B	109.5
C3—C9—H9B	109.5	H18A—C18—H18B	109.5
H9A—C9—H9B	109.5	C15—C18—H18C	109.5
C3—C9—H9C	109.5	H18A—C18—H18C	109.5
H9A—C9—H9C	109.5	H18B—C18—H18C	109.5
H9B—C9—H9C	109.5		
O2—S1—C1—C8	-134.63 (14)	C8—O1—C7—C2	-0.45 (16)
C12—S1—C1—C8	113.57 (14)	C3—C2—C7—C6	1.5 (2)
S1 <sup>i</sup> —S1—C1—C8	32.06 (17)	C1—C2—C7—C6	-178.85 (15)
O2—S1—C1—C2	48.36 (18)	C3—C2—C7—O1	-178.86 (13)
C12—S1—C1—C2	-63.44 (17)	C1—C2—C7—O1	0.82 (16)
S1 <sup>i</sup> —S1—C1—C2	-144.96 (13)	C2—C1—C8—O1	0.66 (18)
C8—C1—C2—C7	-0.88 (17)	S1—C1—C8—O1	-177.12 (10)
S1—C1—C2—C7	176.36 (13)	C2—C1—C8—C11	179.10 (17)
C8—C1—C2—C3	178.70 (17)	S1—C1—C8—C11	1.3 (3)
S1—C1—C2—C3	-4.1 (3)	C7—O1—C8—C1	-0.16 (17)
C7—C2—C3—C4	-2.4 (2)	C7—O1—C8—C11	-178.91 (13)
C1—C2—C3—C4	178.08 (16)	O2—S1—C12—C13	10.13 (16)
C7—C2—C3—C9	176.67 (16)	C1—S1—C12—C13	124.85 (14)
C1—C2—C3—C9	-2.9 (3)	S1 <sup>i</sup> —S1—C12—C13	-101.30 (13)
C2—C3—C4—C5	1.6 (2)	O2—S1—C12—C17	-177.26 (13)
C9—C3—C4—C5	-177.46 (17)	C1—S1—C12—C17	-62.55 (14)
C2—C3—C4—C11	-177.10 (11)	S1 <sup>i</sup> —S1—C12—C17	71.31 (13)
C9—C3—C4—C11	3.8 (2)	C17—C12—C13—C14	0.8 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.3 (3)	S1—C12—C13—C14	173.25 (13)
C11—C4—C5—C6	179.01 (12)	C12—C13—C14—C15	-0.4 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C10	179.99 (16)	C13—C14—C15—C16	0.2 (3)
C11—C4—C5—C10	-1.3 (2)	C13—C14—C15—C18	-178.73 (18)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-1.3 (2)	C14—C15—C16—C17	-0.4 (3)
C10—C5—C6—C7	178.96 (15)	C18—C15—C16—C17	178.56 (19)
C5—C6—C7—O1	-179.13 (14)	C15—C16—C17—C12	0.8 (3)
C5—C6—C7—C2	0.5 (2)	C13—C12—C17—C16	-1.0 (3)
C8—O1—C7—C6	179.22 (15)	S1—C12—C17—C16	-173.55 (13)

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x, -y+2, -z+1$ .

*Hydrogen-bond geometry* ( $\text{\AA}, ^\circ$ )

<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>
C6—H6 $\cdots$ O2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.95	2.30	3.180 (2)	154
C17—H17 $\cdots$ O1 <sup>iii</sup>	0.95	2.56	3.434 (2)	153

Symmetry codes: (ii)  $x+1, y, z$ ; (iii)  $-x+1, -y+2, -z+1$ .