

Crystal structure of ethyl 6-bromo-2-[(*E*)-2-phenylethenyl]quinoline-4-carboxylate

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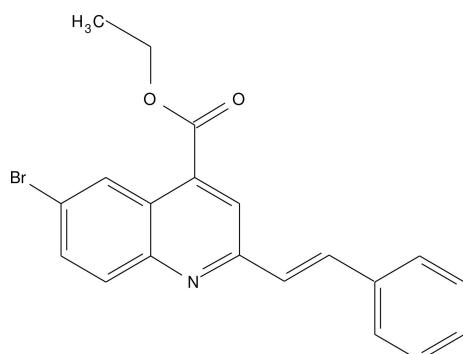
In the title compound, $C_{20}H_{16}BrNO_2$, the dihedral angle between the quinolone ring system mean plane (r.m.s. deviation = 0.018 Å) and the phenyl ring bridged by the ethynyl group, is $25.44(14)^\circ$. There is an intramolecular C—H···O hydrogen bond forming an *S*(6) ring motif. In the crystal, molecules are linked via C—H···O hydrogen bonds forming chains propagating along the *b*-axis direction.

Keywords: crystal structure; quinoline; quinoline-4-carboxylate; hydrogen bonding.

CCDC reference: 1041593

1. Related literature

For pharmaceutical and pharmacological activities of quinolines, see: Beagley *et al.* (2003). The title compound was synthesized in a continuation of our work on new quinoline-based therapeutic agents, see: Pradeep *et al.* (2014).



2. Experimental

2.1. Crystal data

$C_{20}H_{16}BrNO_2$	$V = 3299.6(3)\text{ \AA}^3$
$M_r = 382.24$	$Z = 8$
Orthorhombic, <i>Pbca</i>	$Cu K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 14.0819(7)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 3.49\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$b = 9.7470(5)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 293\text{ K}$
$c = 24.0399(12)\text{ \AA}$	$0.30 \times 0.27 \times 0.25\text{ mm}$

2.2. Data collection

Bruker X8 Proteum diffractometer	12970 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2013)	2722 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.421$, $T_{\max} = 0.476$	2213 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.071$

2.3. Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$	218 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.134$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.04$	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.78\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
2722 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.92\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C6—H6···O13	0.93	2.22	2.848 (4)	124
C15—H15A···O13 ⁱ	0.97	2.51	3.413 (4)	154

Symmetry code: (i) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, z$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2013); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2013); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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Supporting information for this paper is available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SU5042).

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supporting information

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S1. Comment

Quinolines have been considered as the most prevalent N-hetero aromatic compounds that exhibit a wide spectrum of pharmaceutical and pharmacological activities (Beagley *et al.*, 2003). Some of the quinoline-4-carboxylates were reported to possess potent 5HT₃ antagonizing activity and anti-emetic activity. In view of their broad spectrum of medicinal properties and in continuation of our work on new quinoline based therapeutic agents (Pradeep *et al.*, 2014), the title compound was synthesized, and we report herein on its crystal structure.

The molecular structure of the title molecule is shown in Fig. 1. The quinoline ring system (N1/C2-C10) is planar with the maximum deviations from the mean plane being for atoms C8 and C5 *viz.* 0.018 (2) Å. The dihedral angle between the quinoline ring and the phenyl ring (C19–C24) bridged by the ethynyl group is 25.44 (14)°. The two rings of the quinolyl moiety are fused in an axial fashion and form a dihedral angle of 1.15 (13)°.

In the crystal, molecules are linked via C—H···O hydrogen bonds forming chains propagating along the *b* axis direction (Table 1 and Fig. 2).

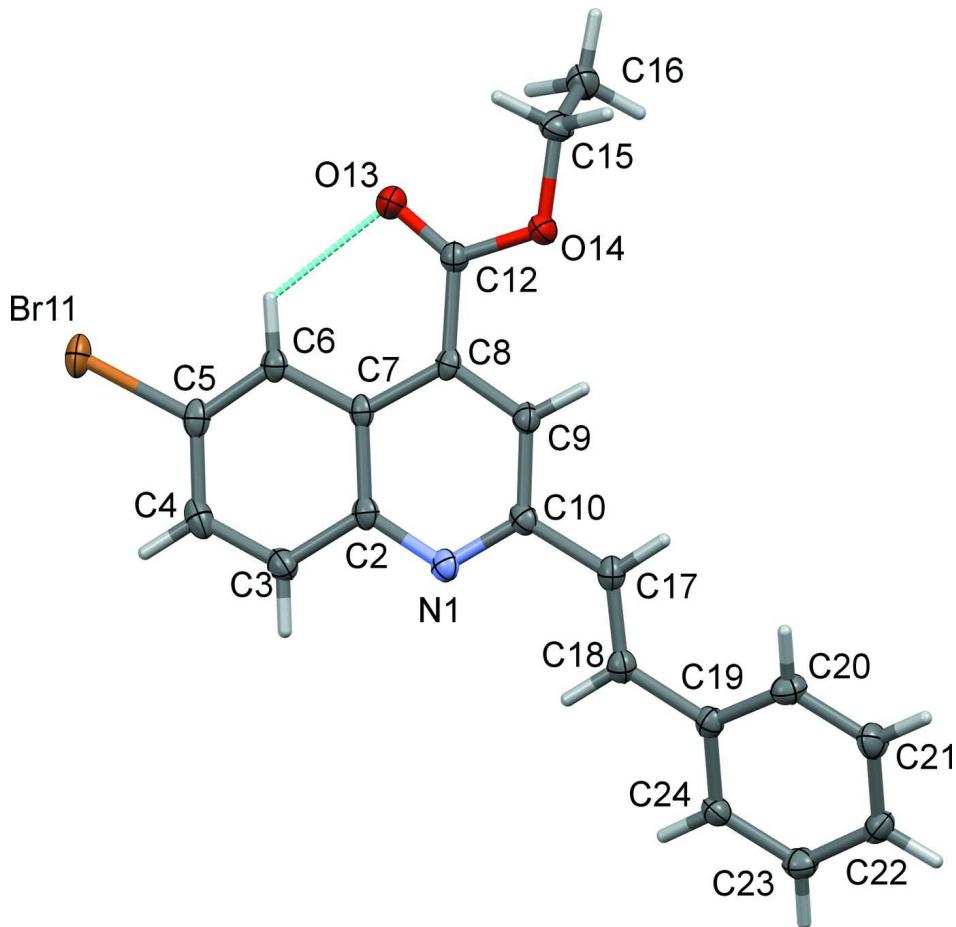
S2. Experimental

A mixture of 2-aryl-6-chloro/bromo quinoline-4-carboxylic acid (1.0 g) and absolute EtOH (15 ml) was stirred at 273 – 278 K. The concentrated sulfuric acid (2 - 3 ml) was added drop wise into the flask until the powdered 2-aryl-6-chloro-quinoline-4-carboxylic acid was completely dissolved. The solution was then refluxed for 15–17 h. The completion of the reaction was monitored by thin layer chromatography [hexane and ethyl acetate (9:1 *v/v*)]. The reaction mixture was poured into a crushed ice (100 ml), the precipitate was collected by filtration, washed with water and EtOH, dried under vacuum to afford crude product. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using silica gel (60–120 mesh, petroleum ether: ethyl acetate, 9:1 *v/v*). Green block-shaped crystals were obtained by slow evaporation of the solvent.

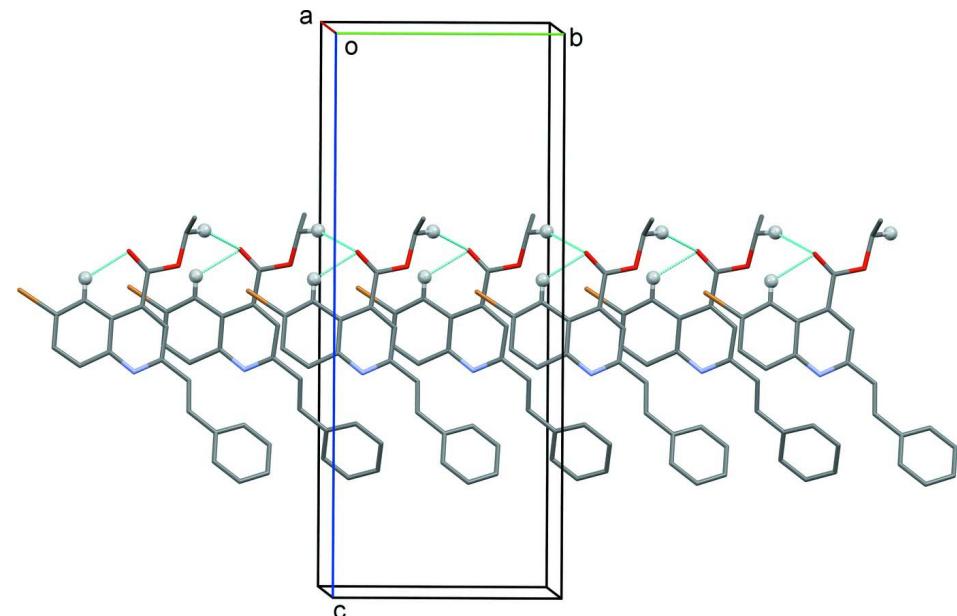
¹H-NMR(400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.95 (d, J = 2.00 Hz, 1H), 8.17 (s, 1H), 7.99 (d, J = 4.40 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (d, J = 2.40 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (t, J = 2.00 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (s, 1H), 7.65 (d, J = 7.20 Hz, 1H), 7.35–7.35 (m, 4H), 4.54 (q, J = 7.20 Hz, 2H), 1.46–1.49 (m, 3H) p.p.m.. MS (70 eV) m/z (%): 382.0 (*M*⁺).

S3. Refinement

All the H atoms were fixed geometrically (C—H = 0.93–0.96 Å and allowed to ride on their parent atoms with *U*_{iso}(H) = 1.5*U*_{eq}(C) for methyl H atoms and = 1.2*U*_{eq}(C) for other H atoms.

**Figure 1**

A view of molecular structure of the title compound, with atom labelling. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. The intramolecular hydrogen bond is shown as dashed line (see Table 1 for details).

**Figure 2**

A partial view along the *a* axis of the crystal packing of the title compound. The intra- and inter-molecular hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines (see Table 1 for details; H atoms: grey balls; H atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding have been omitted for clarity).

Ethyl 6-bromo-2-[(*E*)-2-phenylethenyl]quinoline-4-carboxylate

Crystal data

$C_{20}H_{16}BrNO_2$

$M_r = 382.24$

Orthorhombic, *Pbca*

Hall symbol: -P 2ac 2ab

$a = 14.0819 (7) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 9.7470 (5) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 24.0399 (12) \text{ \AA}$

$V = 3299.6 (3) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 8$

$F(000) = 1552$

$D_x = 1.539 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

$Cu K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 1.54178 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 2722 reflections

$\theta = 5.8\text{--}64.5^\circ$

$\mu = 3.49 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 293 \text{ K}$

Block, green

$0.30 \times 0.27 \times 0.25 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker X8 Proteum

diffractometer

Radiation source: Bruker MicroStar microfocus
rotating anode

Helios multilayer optics monochromator

Detector resolution: 18.4 pixels mm^{-1}

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2013)

$T_{\min} = 0.421, T_{\max} = 0.476$

12970 measured reflections

2722 independent reflections

2213 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.071$

$\theta_{\max} = 64.5^\circ, \theta_{\min} = 5.8^\circ$

$h = -16 \rightarrow 15$

$k = -11 \rightarrow 11$

$l = -28 \rightarrow 27$

*Refinement*Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$$

$$wR(F^2) = 0.134$$

$$S = 1.04$$

2722 reflections

218 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methodsSecondary atom site location: difference Fourier
mapHydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0857P)^2]$$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.78 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.92 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

Special details

Geometry. Bond distances, angles etc. have been calculated using the rounded fractional coordinates. All su's are estimated from the variances of the (full) variance-covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account in the estimation of distances, angles and torsion angles

Refinement. Refinement on F^2 for ALL reflections except those flagged by the user for potential systematic errors.

Weighted R -factors wR and all goodnesses of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The observed criterion of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating - R -factor-obs etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Br11	0.40232 (3)	0.12926 (3)	0.45926 (2)	0.0260 (2)
O13	0.3502 (2)	0.6096 (2)	0.39081 (10)	0.0299 (8)
O14	0.32650 (17)	0.8275 (2)	0.41637 (9)	0.0225 (7)
N1	0.3740 (2)	0.6330 (3)	0.60400 (12)	0.0194 (9)
C2	0.3819 (2)	0.5243 (3)	0.56849 (15)	0.0186 (9)
C3	0.4009 (2)	0.3948 (4)	0.59271 (17)	0.0235 (11)
C4	0.4086 (2)	0.2801 (4)	0.56073 (17)	0.0252 (11)
C5	0.3971 (2)	0.2916 (3)	0.50306 (16)	0.0212 (10)
C6	0.3799 (2)	0.4140 (3)	0.47707 (15)	0.0186 (10)
C7	0.3720 (2)	0.5345 (3)	0.50974 (14)	0.0169 (9)
C8	0.3536 (2)	0.6688 (3)	0.48784 (14)	0.0170 (9)
C9	0.3445 (2)	0.7753 (3)	0.52462 (14)	0.0194 (10)
C10	0.3557 (2)	0.7552 (3)	0.58248 (14)	0.0183 (9)
C12	0.3436 (2)	0.6941 (3)	0.42679 (14)	0.0191 (10)
C15	0.3129 (3)	0.8638 (3)	0.35775 (15)	0.0256 (11)
C16	0.4064 (3)	0.8926 (4)	0.33011 (17)	0.0305 (11)
C17	0.3493 (2)	0.8754 (3)	0.61965 (15)	0.0208 (10)
C18	0.3704 (3)	0.8739 (3)	0.67333 (15)	0.0208 (11)
C19	0.3718 (2)	0.9924 (3)	0.71107 (14)	0.0189 (9)
C20	0.3281 (3)	1.1179 (3)	0.69823 (15)	0.0237 (11)
C21	0.3389 (3)	1.2296 (3)	0.73304 (16)	0.0251 (10)
C22	0.3913 (2)	1.2187 (4)	0.78153 (15)	0.0237 (11)
C23	0.4324 (3)	1.0941 (4)	0.79619 (15)	0.0246 (10)
C24	0.4218 (3)	0.9823 (3)	0.76129 (14)	0.0216 (10)
H3	0.40820	0.38790	0.63110	0.0280*

H4	0.42130	0.19540	0.57690	0.0300*
H6	0.37340	0.41800	0.43860	0.0220*
H9	0.33080	0.86260	0.51130	0.0230*
H15A	0.27260	0.94430	0.35520	0.0310*
H15B	0.28130	0.78890	0.33870	0.0310*
H16A	0.43890	0.96390	0.35000	0.0460*
H16B	0.39560	0.92140	0.29240	0.0460*
H16C	0.44440	0.81090	0.33020	0.0460*
H17	0.32900	0.95800	0.60430	0.0250*
H18	0.38580	0.78920	0.68870	0.0250*
H20	0.29170	1.12590	0.66610	0.0280*
H21	0.31060	1.31280	0.72380	0.0300*
H22	0.39920	1.29490	0.80430	0.0290*
H23	0.46650	1.08590	0.82910	0.0300*
H24	0.44850	0.89860	0.77140	0.0260*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Br11	0.0262 (3)	0.0137 (3)	0.0382 (3)	0.0007 (1)	-0.0011 (2)	-0.0051 (1)
O13	0.0497 (17)	0.0187 (12)	0.0212 (14)	-0.0009 (11)	0.0006 (12)	-0.0020 (10)
O14	0.0314 (13)	0.0173 (11)	0.0189 (12)	0.0030 (10)	0.0002 (10)	0.0021 (10)
N1	0.0182 (14)	0.0181 (15)	0.0218 (16)	-0.0046 (10)	0.0005 (12)	-0.0002 (11)
C2	0.0163 (15)	0.0166 (16)	0.0229 (18)	-0.0042 (13)	0.0002 (14)	0.0001 (14)
C3	0.026 (2)	0.0204 (18)	0.024 (2)	-0.0024 (13)	-0.0019 (14)	0.0032 (15)
C4	0.0229 (19)	0.0166 (18)	0.036 (2)	-0.0019 (13)	-0.0029 (15)	0.0059 (16)
C5	0.0158 (17)	0.0159 (17)	0.032 (2)	-0.0005 (12)	0.0000 (13)	-0.0022 (15)
C6	0.0162 (16)	0.0160 (16)	0.0236 (18)	-0.0038 (13)	0.0008 (14)	-0.0003 (14)
C7	0.0136 (15)	0.0133 (16)	0.0239 (18)	-0.0019 (13)	0.0010 (13)	-0.0003 (13)
C8	0.0140 (15)	0.0157 (15)	0.0213 (18)	-0.0035 (13)	-0.0005 (13)	-0.0023 (13)
C9	0.0208 (17)	0.0154 (16)	0.0220 (18)	-0.0019 (13)	-0.0015 (14)	-0.0006 (13)
C10	0.0157 (16)	0.0182 (16)	0.0211 (17)	-0.0029 (13)	-0.0004 (13)	0.0018 (13)
C12	0.0202 (17)	0.0158 (15)	0.0212 (18)	-0.0003 (13)	0.0009 (13)	-0.0006 (14)
C15	0.032 (2)	0.0246 (18)	0.0201 (19)	0.0066 (14)	-0.0022 (15)	0.0029 (14)
C16	0.043 (2)	0.0216 (18)	0.027 (2)	-0.0002 (15)	0.0061 (16)	0.0010 (16)
C17	0.0218 (17)	0.0154 (16)	0.0253 (19)	-0.0014 (13)	0.0009 (14)	-0.0010 (13)
C18	0.0209 (18)	0.0174 (17)	0.024 (2)	-0.0010 (13)	0.0021 (14)	0.0001 (13)
C19	0.0180 (15)	0.0179 (15)	0.0207 (17)	-0.0031 (13)	0.0030 (14)	-0.0007 (14)
C20	0.0236 (19)	0.0276 (18)	0.0200 (19)	0.0020 (14)	-0.0020 (14)	-0.0011 (14)
C21	0.0296 (19)	0.0190 (16)	0.0267 (19)	0.0063 (14)	0.0016 (15)	0.0004 (15)
C22	0.0267 (19)	0.0232 (17)	0.0213 (19)	-0.0062 (14)	0.0043 (14)	-0.0063 (14)
C23	0.0257 (18)	0.0279 (17)	0.0203 (18)	-0.0015 (15)	-0.0031 (15)	0.0007 (15)
C24	0.0264 (18)	0.0189 (16)	0.0194 (17)	0.0016 (14)	0.0007 (14)	0.0039 (14)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

Br11—C5	1.902 (3)	C19—C24	1.401 (5)
O13—C12	1.198 (4)	C20—C21	1.382 (5)

O14—C12	1.346 (4)	C21—C22	1.384 (5)
O14—C15	1.466 (4)	C22—C23	1.391 (5)
N1—C2	1.365 (4)	C23—C24	1.383 (5)
N1—C10	1.324 (4)	C3—H3	0.9300
C2—C3	1.416 (5)	C4—H4	0.9300
C2—C7	1.423 (5)	C6—H6	0.9300
C3—C4	1.361 (6)	C9—H9	0.9300
C4—C5	1.400 (6)	C15—H15A	0.9700
C5—C6	1.368 (4)	C15—H15B	0.9700
C6—C7	1.417 (4)	C16—H16A	0.9600
C7—C8	1.435 (4)	C16—H16B	0.9600
C8—C9	1.370 (4)	C16—H16C	0.9600
C8—C12	1.495 (5)	C17—H17	0.9300
C9—C10	1.414 (5)	C18—H18	0.9300
C10—C17	1.476 (4)	C20—H20	0.9300
C15—C16	1.501 (6)	C21—H21	0.9300
C17—C18	1.324 (5)	C22—H22	0.9300
C18—C19	1.469 (4)	C23—H23	0.9300
C19—C20	1.404 (4)	C24—H24	0.9300
C12—O14—C15	115.8 (2)	C19—C24—C23	121.4 (3)
C2—N1—C10	118.0 (3)	C2—C3—H3	120.00
N1—C2—C3	116.8 (3)	C4—C3—H3	119.00
N1—C2—C7	124.0 (3)	C3—C4—H4	121.00
C3—C2—C7	119.3 (3)	C5—C4—H4	120.00
C2—C3—C4	121.0 (4)	C5—C6—H6	121.00
C3—C4—C5	119.0 (3)	C7—C6—H6	121.00
Br11—C5—C4	118.5 (2)	C8—C9—H9	119.00
Br11—C5—C6	118.6 (3)	C10—C9—H9	119.00
C4—C5—C6	122.8 (3)	O14—C15—H15A	109.00
C5—C6—C7	118.9 (3)	O14—C15—H15B	109.00
C2—C7—C6	119.0 (3)	C16—C15—H15A	109.00
C2—C7—C8	116.5 (3)	C16—C15—H15B	110.00
C6—C7—C8	124.5 (3)	H15A—C15—H15B	108.00
C7—C8—C9	118.1 (3)	C15—C16—H16A	109.00
C7—C8—C12	121.9 (3)	C15—C16—H16B	109.00
C9—C8—C12	120.0 (3)	C15—C16—H16C	109.00
C8—C9—C10	121.3 (3)	H16A—C16—H16B	110.00
N1—C10—C9	122.1 (3)	H16A—C16—H16C	110.00
N1—C10—C17	119.3 (3)	H16B—C16—H16C	109.00
C9—C10—C17	118.6 (3)	C10—C17—H17	118.00
O13—C12—O14	122.9 (3)	C18—C17—H17	118.00
O13—C12—C8	126.0 (3)	C17—C18—H18	117.00
O14—C12—C8	111.0 (3)	C19—C18—H18	117.00
O14—C15—C16	110.9 (3)	C19—C20—H20	120.00
C10—C17—C18	124.6 (3)	C21—C20—H20	120.00
C17—C18—C19	126.6 (3)	C20—C21—H21	120.00
C18—C19—C20	122.9 (3)	C22—C21—H21	120.00

C18—C19—C24	118.9 (3)	C21—C22—H22	120.00
C20—C19—C24	118.1 (3)	C23—C22—H22	120.00
C19—C20—C21	120.4 (3)	C22—C23—H23	120.00
C20—C21—C22	120.6 (3)	C24—C23—H23	120.00
C21—C22—C23	120.2 (3)	C19—C24—H24	119.00
C22—C23—C24	119.3 (3)	C23—C24—H24	119.00
C15—O14—C12—O13	2.1 (4)	C2—C7—C8—C12	178.8 (3)
C15—O14—C12—C8	-178.5 (3)	C7—C8—C9—C10	1.9 (4)
C12—O14—C15—C16	-86.7 (3)	C12—C8—C9—C10	-178.6 (3)
C2—N1—C10—C17	-178.4 (3)	C7—C8—C12—O13	-0.6 (5)
C2—N1—C10—C9	-0.1 (4)	C9—C8—C12—O14	0.4 (4)
C10—N1—C2—C3	-179.6 (3)	C7—C8—C12—O14	179.9 (3)
C10—N1—C2—C7	0.2 (4)	C9—C8—C12—O13	179.9 (3)
C7—C2—C3—C4	-0.8 (4)	C8—C9—C10—N1	-1.0 (4)
C3—C2—C7—C6	1.0 (4)	C8—C9—C10—C17	177.3 (3)
N1—C2—C7—C6	-178.8 (3)	N1—C10—C17—C18	7.5 (5)
N1—C2—C7—C8	0.7 (4)	C9—C10—C17—C18	-170.9 (3)
N1—C2—C3—C4	179.0 (3)	C10—C17—C18—C19	175.3 (3)
C3—C2—C7—C8	-179.5 (3)	C17—C18—C19—C20	16.4 (6)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.2 (4)	C17—C18—C19—C24	-161.1 (4)
C3—C4—C5—C6	1.1 (4)	C18—C19—C20—C21	-174.2 (4)
C3—C4—C5—Br11	-177.2 (2)	C24—C19—C20—C21	3.4 (5)
Br11—C5—C6—C7	177.4 (2)	C18—C19—C24—C23	174.4 (4)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-0.9 (4)	C20—C19—C24—C23	-3.3 (5)
C5—C6—C7—C2	-0.2 (4)	C19—C20—C21—C22	-1.3 (6)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-179.6 (3)	C20—C21—C22—C23	-1.1 (6)
C6—C7—C8—C9	177.8 (3)	C21—C22—C23—C24	1.2 (6)
C6—C7—C8—C12	-1.8 (4)	C22—C23—C24—C19	1.0 (6)
C2—C7—C8—C9	-1.7 (4)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
C6—H6···O13	0.93	2.22	2.848 (4)	124
C15—H15A···O13 ⁱ	0.97	2.51	3.413 (4)	154

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1/2, y+1/2, z$.