



Crystal structure of 5-bromo-2,4,6-trimethyl-3-[(2-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]-1-benzofuran

Hong Dae Choi^a and Uk Lee^{b*}

^aDepartment of Chemistry, Dongeui University, San 24 Kaya-dong, Busanjin-gu, Busan 614-714, Republic of Korea, and ^bDepartment of Chemistry, Pukyong National University, 599-1 Daeyon 3-dong, Nam-gu, Busan 608-737, Republic of Korea. *Correspondence e-mail: uklee@pknu.ac.kr

Received 14 July 2015; accepted 19 July 2015

Edited by E. R. T. Tiekink, University of Malaya, Malaysia

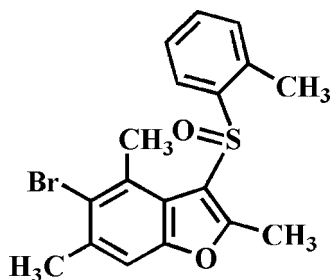
In the title compound, C₁₈H₁₇BrO₂S, the dihedral angle between the mean planes of the benzofuran [r.m.s. deviation = 0.025 (2) Å] and the 2-methylbenzene rings is 87.87 (5)°. In the crystal, molecules are linked into supramolecular layers parallel to (011) by C—H...O hydrogen bonds and Br...Br [3.4521 (5) Å] contacts. These are connected into a three-dimensional architecture *via* C—H...π interactions, which link inversion-related molecules into dimers, and π—π interactions between the benzene and furan rings [centroid-centroid distance = 3.573 (2) Å].

Keywords: crystal structure; benzofuran; π—π interactions; C—H...π interactions; C—H...O hydrogen bonds; Br...Br contacts.

CCDC reference: 1413623

1. Related literature

For the pharmacological properties of benzofuran compounds, see: Aslam *et al.* (2009); Galal *et al.* (2009); Howlett *et al.* (1999); Wahab Khan *et al.* (2005); Ono *et al.* (2002). For a related structure, see: Choi *et al.* (2014). For synthetic details, see: Choi *et al.* (1999).



2. Experimental

2.1. Crystal data

C ₁₈ H ₁₇ BrO ₂ S	$\gamma = 79.384 (1)^\circ$
$M_r = 377.29$	$V = 800.00 (3) \text{ \AA}^3$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$Z = 2$
$a = 7.4011 (2) \text{ \AA}$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$b = 10.6609 (2) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 2.70 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 11.1857 (2) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 173 \text{ K}$
$\alpha = 67.265 (1)^\circ$	$0.60 \times 0.54 \times 0.48 \text{ mm}$
$\beta = 86.593 (1)^\circ$	

2.2. Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD diffractometer	14745 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2009)	3982 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.269$, $T_{\max} = 0.746$	3297 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.046$

2.3. Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$	204 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.087$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.05$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.48 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
3982 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.79 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

Cg1 is the centroid of the C2–C7 benzene ring.

D—H...A	D—H	H...A	D...A	D—H...A
C9—H9B...O2	0.98	2.33	3.274 (3)	162
C11—H11C...O2 ⁱ	0.98	2.32	3.276 (2)	166
C15—H15...Cg1 ⁱⁱ	0.95	2.88	3.659 (3)	140

Symmetry codes: (i) $x + 1, y, z$; (ii) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL2014* (Sheldrick, 2015); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 2012) and *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 1998); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL2014*.

Acknowledgements

The X-ray centre of the Gyeongsang National University is acknowledged for providing access to the single-crystal diffractometer.

Supporting information for this paper is available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: TK5377).

References

- Aslam, S. N., Stevenson, P. C., Kokubun, T. & Hall, D. R. (2009). *Microbiol. Res.* **164**, 191–195.
- Brandenburg, K. (1998). *DIAMOND*. Crystal Impact GbR, Bonn, Germany.
- Bruker (2009). *APEX2*, *SADABS* and *SAINT*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Choi, H. D., Seo, P. J. & Lee, U. (2014). *Acta Cryst.* **E70**, o381.

- Choi, H. D., Seo, P. J. & Son, B. W. (1999). *J. Korean Chem. Soc.* **43**, 606–608.
- Farrugia, L. J. (2012). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **45**, 849–854.
- Galal, S. A., Abd El-All, A. S., Abdallah, M. M. & El-Diwani, H. I. (2009). *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* **19**, 2420–2428.
- Howlett, D. R., Perry, A. E., Godfrey, F., Swatton, J. E., Jennings, K. H., Spitzfaden, C., Wadsworth, H., Wood, S. J. & Markwell, R. E. (1999). *Biochem. J.* **340**, 283–289.
- Ono, M., Kung, M. P., Hou, C. & Kung, H. F. (2002). *Nucl. Med. Biol.* **29**, 633–642.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2015). *Acta Cryst.* **C71**, 3–8.
- Wahab Khan, M., Jahangir Alam, M., Rashid, M. A. & Chowdhury, R. (2005). *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* **13**, 4796–4805.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2015). E71, o602–o603 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S2056989015013687]

Crystal structure of 5-bromo-2,4,6-trimethyl-3-[(2-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]-1-benzofuran

Hong Dae Choi and Uk Lee

S1. Comment

Many compounds involving a benzofuran skeleton show interesting pharmacological properties such as anti-bacterial, anti-fungal, anti-tumour and anti-viral activities (Aslam *et al.*, 2009; Galal *et al.*, 2009; Wahab Khan *et al.*, 2005), and potential inhibitor of β -amyloid aggregation (Howlett *et al.*, 1999; Ono *et al.*, 2002). As a part of our continuing project on benzofuran derivatives (Choi *et al.*, 2014), we report herein the crystal structure of the title compound. In the title molecule (Fig. 1), the benzofuran unit is essentially planar, with a mean deviation of 0.025 (2) Å from the least-squares plane defined by the nine constituent atoms. The dihedral angle formed by the benzofuran ring and the 2-methylbenzene ring is 87.87 (5) Å. In the crystal structure (Fig. 2), molecules are linked by C—H \cdots O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) and Br1 \cdots Br1^{iv} [3.4521 (5) Å] contacts in the (0 -1 1) plane. Further, inversion-related molecules are paired into dimers *via* C—H \cdots π interactions (Fig. 3, Table 1, Cg1 is the centroid of the C2–C7 benzene ring). These dimers are further linked by π – π interactions between the benzene and furan rings of neighbouring molecules, with a Cg1 \cdots Cg2ⁱⁱ distance of 3.573 (1) Å and an interplanar distance of 3.488 (2) Å resulting in a slippage of 0.775 (2) Å (Cg2 is the centroid of the C1/C2/C7/O1/C8 furan ring).

S2. Experimental

The starting material 5-bromo-2,4,6-trimethyl-3-(2-methylphenylsulfanyl)-1-benzofuran was prepared by the literature method (Choi *et al.*, 1999). 3-Chloroperoxybenzoic acid (77%, 224 mg, 1.0 mmol) was added in small portions to a stirred solution of 5-bromo-2,4,6-trimethyl-3-(2-methylphenylsulfanyl)-1-benzofuran (285 mg, 0.9 mmol) in dichloromethane (25 ml) at 273 K. After being stirred at room temperature for 8 h, the mixture was washed with a saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (2 x 10 ml). The organic layer was separated, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered and concentrated at reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane–ethyl acetate, 1:1 v/v) to afford the title compound as a colourless solid [yield 68% (226 mg); m.p.: 466–467 K; R_f = 0.51 (hexane–ethyl acetate, 1:1 v/v)]. Single crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were prepared by slow evaporation of a solution of the title compound (21 mg) in ethyl acetate (20 ml) at room temperature.

S3. Refinement

All H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model, with C—H = 0.95 Å for aryl and 0.98 Å for methyl H atoms, $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for aryl and $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for methyl H atoms.

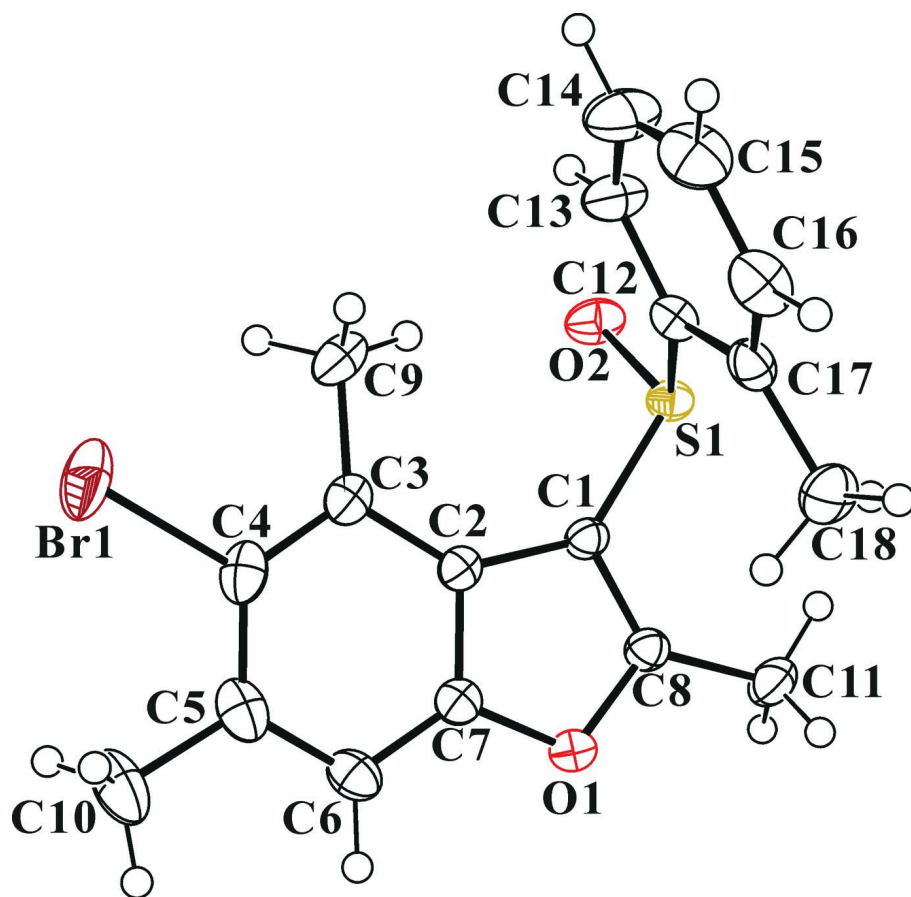


Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound with the atom numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. H atoms are presented as small spheres of arbitrary radius.

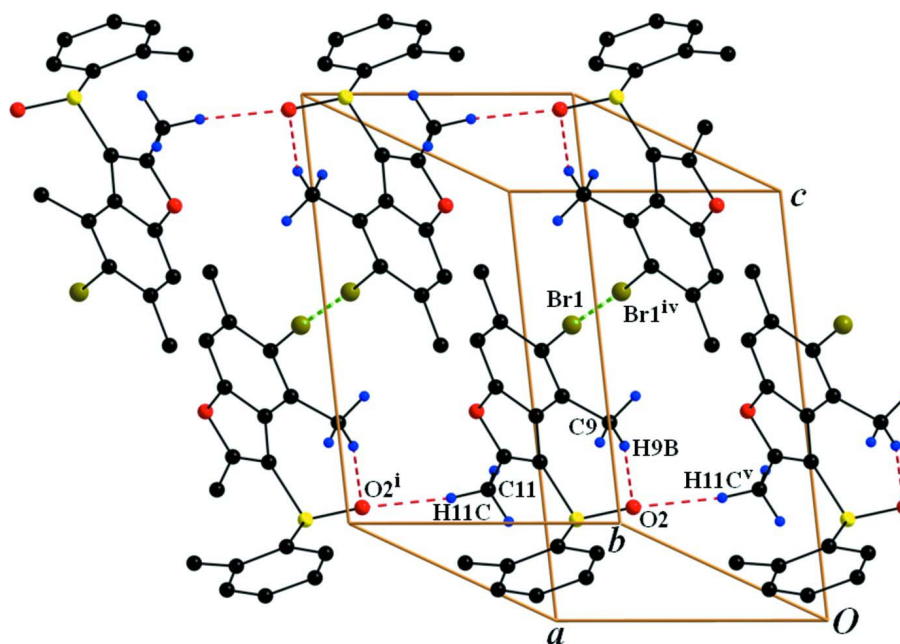


Figure 2

A view of the C—H \cdots O and Br \cdots Br interactions (dotted lines) in the crystal structure of the title compound. H atoms non-participating in hydrogen-bonding were omitted for clarity. [Symmetry codes: (i) $x + 1, y, z$; (iv) $-x, -y + 2, -z + 1$; (v) $x - 1, y, z$.]

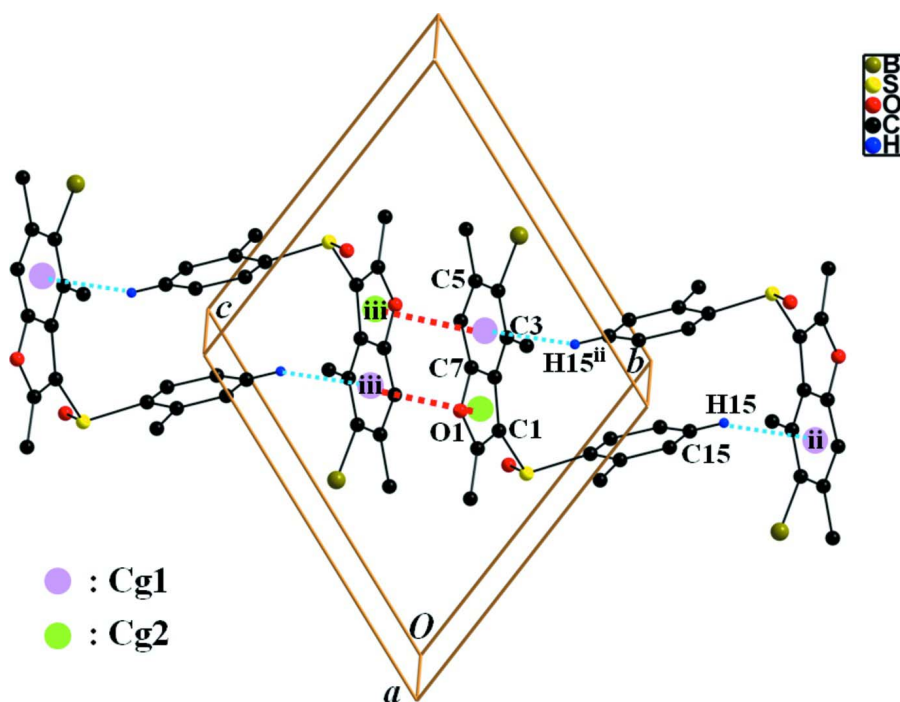


Figure 3

A view of the C—H \cdots π and π – π interactions (dotted lines) in the crystal structure of the title compound. H atoms non-participating in hydrogen-bonding were omitted for clarity. [Symmetry codes: (ii) $-x + 1, -y + 2, -z$; (iii) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$.]

5-Bromo-2,4,6-trimethyl-3-[(2-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]-1-benzofuran

Crystal data

C₁₈H₁₇BrO₂S $M_r = 377.29$ Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$ $a = 7.4011(2) \text{ \AA}$ $b = 10.6609(2) \text{ \AA}$ $c = 11.1857(2) \text{ \AA}$ $\alpha = 67.265(1)^\circ$ $\beta = 86.593(1)^\circ$ $\gamma = 79.384(1)^\circ$ $V = 800.00(3) \text{ \AA}^3$ $Z = 2$ $F(000) = 384$ $D_x = 1.566 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 7576 reflections

 $\theta = 2.8\text{--}28.3^\circ$ $\mu = 2.70 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ $T = 173 \text{ K}$

Block, colourless

 $0.60 \times 0.54 \times 0.48 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD
diffractometer

Radiation source: rotating anode

Detector resolution: 10.0 pixels mm^{-1} φ and ω scansAbsorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2009) $T_{\min} = 0.269$, $T_{\max} = 0.746$

14745 measured reflections

3982 independent reflections

3297 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.046$ $\theta_{\max} = 28.4^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.0^\circ$ $h = -9 \rightarrow 9$ $k = -14 \rightarrow 14$ $l = -14 \rightarrow 14$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$ $wR(F^2) = 0.087$ $S = 1.05$

3982 reflections

204 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methodsSecondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

Hydrogen site location: difference Fourier map

H-atom parameters constrained

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0371P)^2 + 0.3816P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.48 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$ $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.79 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$ Extinction correction: *SHELXL2014* (Sheldrick
2014, $F_c^* = kF_c[1 + 0.001x F_c^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$)

Extinction coefficient: 0.040 (2)

Special details

Experimental. ¹H NMR (δ p.p.m., CDCl₃, 400 Hz): 8.01 (d, $J = 7.52$ Hz, 1H), 7.35-7.44 (m, 2H), 7.15-7.23 (m, 2H), 2.64 (s, 3H), 2.53 (s, 3H), 2.50 (s, 3H), 2.15 (s, 3H).**Geometry.** All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Br1	0.18479 (4)	0.88031 (3)	0.48841 (3)	0.04996 (12)
S1	0.47494 (6)	0.56515 (5)	0.10695 (5)	0.02289 (12)
O1	0.82901 (18)	0.52534 (15)	0.36828 (13)	0.0255 (3)
O2	0.29324 (19)	0.52076 (15)	0.14556 (15)	0.0318 (3)

C1	0.5830 (2)	0.5705 (2)	0.24007 (18)	0.0215 (4)
C2	0.5307 (2)	0.63609 (19)	0.33233 (18)	0.0212 (4)
C3	0.3713 (3)	0.7126 (2)	0.36069 (19)	0.0252 (4)
C4	0.3916 (3)	0.7625 (2)	0.4560 (2)	0.0305 (5)
C5	0.5531 (3)	0.7344 (2)	0.5293 (2)	0.0320 (5)
C6	0.7045 (3)	0.6511 (2)	0.5047 (2)	0.0292 (4)
H6	0.8151	0.6258	0.5538	0.035*
C7	0.6896 (3)	0.6060 (2)	0.40654 (18)	0.0232 (4)
C8	0.7605 (3)	0.5054 (2)	0.26755 (19)	0.0230 (4)
C9	0.1912 (3)	0.7347 (2)	0.2948 (2)	0.0353 (5)
H9A	0.0923	0.7254	0.3583	0.053*
H9B	0.1951	0.6658	0.2564	0.053*
H9C	0.1682	0.8275	0.2265	0.053*
C10	0.5626 (4)	0.7902 (3)	0.6331 (2)	0.0456 (6)
H10A	0.6826	0.7532	0.6771	0.068*
H10B	0.4653	0.7624	0.6961	0.068*
H10C	0.5460	0.8912	0.5936	0.068*
C11	0.8919 (3)	0.4230 (2)	0.2093 (2)	0.0315 (5)
H11A	0.8326	0.4174	0.1360	0.047*
H11B	0.9303	0.3298	0.2745	0.047*
H11C	0.9999	0.4674	0.1790	0.047*
C12	0.4240 (3)	0.7459 (2)	0.00352 (18)	0.0237 (4)
C13	0.2409 (3)	0.8030 (2)	-0.0253 (2)	0.0354 (5)
H13	0.1482	0.7498	0.0148	0.042*
C14	0.1930 (3)	0.9375 (3)	-0.1124 (3)	0.0458 (6)
H14	0.0671	0.9775	-0.1315	0.055*
C15	0.3276 (4)	1.0137 (3)	-0.1718 (2)	0.0425 (6)
H15	0.2950	1.1065	-0.2312	0.051*
C16	0.5101 (3)	0.9544 (2)	-0.1444 (2)	0.0356 (5)
H16	0.6019	1.0078	-0.1858	0.043*
C17	0.5636 (3)	0.8195 (2)	-0.05849 (19)	0.0266 (4)
C18	0.7640 (3)	0.7562 (3)	-0.0369 (2)	0.0373 (5)
H18A	0.8362	0.8142	-0.1052	0.056*
H18B	0.7826	0.6637	-0.0391	0.056*
H18C	0.8037	0.7494	0.0478	0.056*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Br1	0.05418 (19)	0.03685 (17)	0.05438 (19)	0.00746 (11)	0.01541 (12)	-0.02160 (13)
S1	0.0205 (2)	0.0245 (3)	0.0253 (2)	-0.00667 (18)	-0.00178 (17)	-0.0098 (2)
O1	0.0211 (7)	0.0289 (8)	0.0257 (7)	-0.0014 (5)	-0.0027 (5)	-0.0104 (6)
O2	0.0237 (7)	0.0313 (8)	0.0385 (8)	-0.0127 (6)	-0.0026 (6)	-0.0074 (7)
C1	0.0181 (8)	0.0234 (10)	0.0229 (9)	-0.0051 (7)	0.0006 (7)	-0.0081 (8)
C2	0.0211 (9)	0.0195 (9)	0.0206 (9)	-0.0045 (7)	0.0020 (7)	-0.0047 (7)
C3	0.0254 (9)	0.0205 (10)	0.0240 (10)	-0.0038 (7)	0.0041 (7)	-0.0028 (8)
C4	0.0375 (11)	0.0194 (10)	0.0291 (11)	-0.0006 (8)	0.0082 (8)	-0.0062 (8)
C5	0.0500 (13)	0.0205 (10)	0.0221 (10)	-0.0050 (9)	0.0016 (9)	-0.0051 (8)

C6	0.0370 (11)	0.0247 (11)	0.0234 (10)	-0.0047 (8)	-0.0046 (8)	-0.0059 (8)
C7	0.0245 (9)	0.0200 (10)	0.0220 (9)	-0.0033 (7)	0.0003 (7)	-0.0047 (8)
C8	0.0208 (9)	0.0244 (10)	0.0241 (10)	-0.0058 (7)	0.0003 (7)	-0.0089 (8)
C9	0.0229 (10)	0.0347 (12)	0.0435 (13)	0.0015 (8)	0.0022 (9)	-0.0128 (10)
C10	0.0743 (18)	0.0328 (13)	0.0322 (13)	-0.0039 (12)	-0.0018 (12)	-0.0173 (11)
C11	0.0218 (9)	0.0345 (12)	0.0386 (12)	0.0011 (8)	0.0011 (8)	-0.0172 (10)
C12	0.0271 (9)	0.0242 (10)	0.0205 (9)	-0.0055 (8)	-0.0020 (7)	-0.0086 (8)
C13	0.0252 (10)	0.0353 (12)	0.0372 (12)	-0.0051 (9)	-0.0058 (9)	-0.0040 (10)
C14	0.0367 (13)	0.0393 (14)	0.0466 (15)	0.0009 (10)	-0.0116 (11)	-0.0022 (11)
C15	0.0552 (15)	0.0263 (12)	0.0369 (13)	-0.0047 (11)	-0.0060 (11)	-0.0022 (10)
C16	0.0467 (13)	0.0309 (12)	0.0300 (11)	-0.0169 (10)	0.0021 (9)	-0.0082 (9)
C17	0.0299 (10)	0.0317 (11)	0.0232 (10)	-0.0108 (8)	0.0013 (8)	-0.0136 (9)
C18	0.0287 (11)	0.0438 (14)	0.0376 (12)	-0.0146 (10)	0.0073 (9)	-0.0110 (10)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Br1—C4	1.905 (2)	C9—H9C	0.9800
Br1—Br1 ⁱ	3.4521 (5)	C10—H10A	0.9800
S1—O2	1.4921 (14)	C10—H10B	0.9800
S1—C1	1.7561 (19)	C10—H10C	0.9800
S1—C12	1.805 (2)	C11—H11A	0.9800
O1—C8	1.366 (2)	C11—H11B	0.9800
O1—C7	1.376 (2)	C11—H11C	0.9800
C1—C8	1.360 (3)	C12—C13	1.381 (3)
C1—C2	1.454 (3)	C12—C17	1.399 (3)
C2—C7	1.395 (3)	C13—C14	1.381 (3)
C2—C3	1.399 (3)	C13—H13	0.9500
C3—C4	1.389 (3)	C14—C15	1.377 (4)
C3—C9	1.498 (3)	C14—H14	0.9500
C4—C5	1.409 (3)	C15—C16	1.379 (4)
C5—C6	1.381 (3)	C15—H15	0.9500
C5—C10	1.505 (3)	C16—C17	1.384 (3)
C6—C7	1.375 (3)	C16—H16	0.9500
C6—H6	0.9500	C17—C18	1.504 (3)
C8—C11	1.481 (3)	C18—H18A	0.9800
C9—H9A	0.9800	C18—H18B	0.9800
C9—H9B	0.9800	C18—H18C	0.9800
C4—Br1—Br1 ⁱ	173.50 (6)	C5—C10—H10B	109.5
O2—S1—C1	110.19 (9)	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
O2—S1—C12	105.80 (9)	C5—C10—H10C	109.5
C1—S1—C12	101.64 (9)	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
C8—O1—C7	106.53 (14)	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
C8—C1—C2	106.98 (16)	C8—C11—H11A	109.5
C8—C1—S1	117.93 (15)	C8—C11—H11B	109.5
C2—C1—S1	135.02 (15)	H11A—C11—H11B	109.5
C7—C2—C3	119.21 (18)	C8—C11—H11C	109.5
C7—C2—C1	104.32 (16)	H11A—C11—H11C	109.5

C3—C2—C1	136.46 (18)	H11B—C11—H11C	109.5
C4—C3—C2	115.32 (18)	C13—C12—C17	121.35 (19)
C4—C3—C9	122.90 (19)	C13—C12—S1	116.73 (15)
C2—C3—C9	121.76 (19)	C17—C12—S1	121.36 (15)
C3—C4—C5	125.3 (2)	C14—C13—C12	119.8 (2)
C3—C4—Br1	117.17 (16)	C14—C13—H13	120.1
C5—C4—Br1	117.52 (16)	C12—C13—H13	120.1
C6—C5—C4	117.8 (2)	C15—C14—C13	120.0 (2)
C6—C5—C10	120.1 (2)	C15—C14—H14	120.0
C4—C5—C10	122.0 (2)	C13—C14—H14	120.0
C7—C6—C5	117.64 (19)	C14—C15—C16	119.6 (2)
C7—C6—H6	121.2	C14—C15—H15	120.2
C5—C6—H6	121.2	C16—C15—H15	120.2
C6—C7—O1	124.63 (17)	C15—C16—C17	122.1 (2)
C6—C7—C2	124.46 (19)	C15—C16—H16	119.0
O1—C7—C2	110.91 (16)	C17—C16—H16	119.0
C1—C8—O1	111.23 (17)	C16—C17—C12	117.10 (19)
C1—C8—C11	133.54 (19)	C16—C17—C18	120.40 (19)
O1—C8—C11	115.20 (16)	C12—C17—C18	122.48 (19)
C3—C9—H9A	109.5	C17—C18—H18A	109.5
C3—C9—H9B	109.5	C17—C18—H18B	109.5
H9A—C9—H9B	109.5	H18A—C18—H18B	109.5
C3—C9—H9C	109.5	C17—C18—H18C	109.5
H9A—C9—H9C	109.5	H18A—C18—H18C	109.5
H9B—C9—H9C	109.5	H18B—C18—H18C	109.5
C5—C10—H10A	109.5		
O2—S1—C1—C8	130.07 (16)	C3—C2—C7—C6	-2.7 (3)
C12—S1—C1—C8	-118.10 (16)	C1—C2—C7—C6	178.32 (19)
O2—S1—C1—C2	-53.3 (2)	C3—C2—C7—O1	177.36 (16)
C12—S1—C1—C2	58.6 (2)	C1—C2—C7—O1	-1.6 (2)
C8—C1—C2—C7	1.7 (2)	C2—C1—C8—O1	-1.1 (2)
S1—C1—C2—C7	-175.25 (16)	S1—C1—C8—O1	176.39 (13)
C8—C1—C2—C3	-177.1 (2)	C2—C1—C8—C11	-179.1 (2)
S1—C1—C2—C3	6.0 (4)	S1—C1—C8—C11	-1.6 (3)
C7—C2—C3—C4	5.3 (3)	C7—O1—C8—C1	0.1 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-176.1 (2)	C7—O1—C8—C11	178.51 (17)
C7—C2—C3—C9	-173.01 (18)	O2—S1—C12—C13	-3.79 (19)
C1—C2—C3—C9	5.6 (3)	C1—S1—C12—C13	-118.91 (17)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-4.3 (3)	O2—S1—C12—C17	-175.31 (16)
C9—C3—C4—C5	174.0 (2)	C1—S1—C12—C17	69.58 (17)
C2—C3—C4—Br1	174.84 (13)	C17—C12—C13—C14	-3.1 (3)
C9—C3—C4—Br1	-6.9 (3)	S1—C12—C13—C14	-174.6 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.3 (3)	C12—C13—C14—C15	1.0 (4)
Br1—C4—C5—C6	-178.87 (15)	C13—C14—C15—C16	0.5 (4)
C3—C4—C5—C10	-178.6 (2)	C14—C15—C16—C17	0.0 (4)
Br1—C4—C5—C10	2.2 (3)	C15—C16—C17—C12	-2.0 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C7	2.7 (3)	C15—C16—C17—C18	176.6 (2)

C10—C5—C6—C7	-178.4 (2)	C13—C12—C17—C16	3.5 (3)
C5—C6—C7—O1	178.41 (18)	S1—C12—C17—C16	174.66 (16)
C5—C6—C7—C2	-1.5 (3)	C13—C12—C17—C18	-175.1 (2)
C8—O1—C7—C6	-178.95 (19)	S1—C12—C17—C18	-3.9 (3)
C8—O1—C7—C2	1.0 (2)		

Symmetry code: (i) $-x, -y+2, -z+1$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

Cg1 is the centroid of the C2–C7 benzene ring.

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C9—H9B \cdots O2	0.98	2.33	3.274 (3)	162
C11—H11C \cdots O2 ⁱⁱ	0.98	2.32	3.276 (2)	166
C15—H15 \cdots Cg1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.95	2.88	3.659 (3)	140

Symmetry codes: (ii) $x+1, y, z$; (iii) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$.