



# A new mononuclear neutral high-spin iron(III) complex with the different tridentate ligands 5-bromosalicylaldehyde (pyridin-2-yl)hydrazone and 5-bromosalicylaldehyde thiosemicarbazone

Yun Zhao, Xiao-Feng Shen and Li-Fang Zhang\*

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**Keywords:** iron(III) complex; 5-bromo-salicylaldehyde-2-pyridylhydrazone; 5-bromo-salicylaldehyde-thiosemicarbazone; high-spin; magnetic property; crystal structure.

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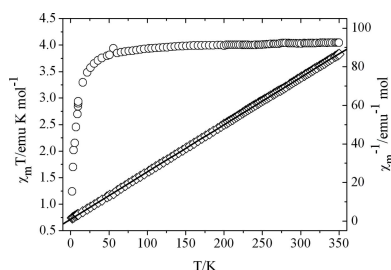
**Supporting information:** this article has supporting information at journals.iucr.org/e

School of Chemical Engineering and Technology, China University of Mining and Technology, Xuzhou 221116, People's Republic of China. \*Correspondence e-mail: zhanglifang@cumt.edu.cn

The title neutral mononuclear complex, [1-(5-bromo-2-oxidobenzylidene)thiosemicarbazidato](4-bromo-2-[[2-(pyridin-2-yl)hydrazinylidene]methyl]phenolato)iron(III),  $[\text{Fe}(\text{C}_8\text{H}_6\text{BrN}_3\text{OS})(\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_9\text{BrN}_3\text{O})]$  (I), crystallizes in the monoclinic space group  $C_2/c$  and has two different planar tridentate ligands. The central  $\text{Fe}^{\text{III}}$  ion is coordinated to three N, two O and one S atom, forming a distorted octahedral  $\text{FeN}_3\text{O}_2\text{S}$  coordination geometry. In the crystal, the complex molecules are linked by  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  and  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$  hydrogen bonds and  $\pi-\pi$  interactions into layers parallel to (100). Magnetic measurements show that the central  $\text{Fe}^{\text{III}}$  ion is in the high-spin state; this is also supported by the bond distances around the  $\text{Fe}^{\text{III}}$  ion.

## 1. Chemical context

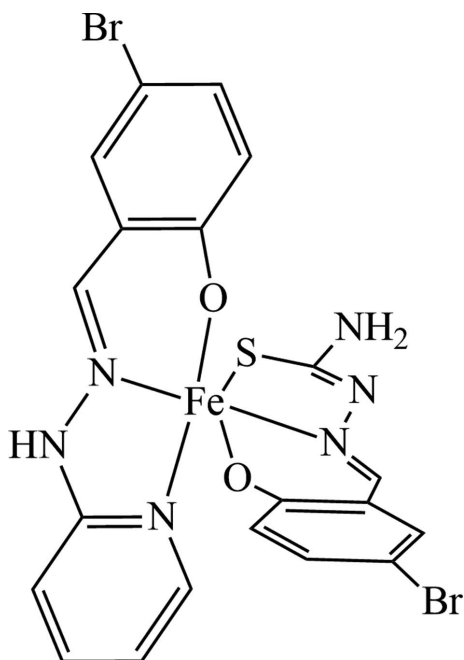
Much attention have been paid to the design and synthesis of  $\text{Fe}^{\text{III}}$  complexes for magnetic materials owing to their interesting thermal- or light-induced spin conversion between the high-spin (HS,  $S = 5/2$ ) and low-spin (LS,  $S = 1/2$ ) states (Li *et al.*, 2013; Phonsri *et al.*, 2017; Sato *et al.*, 2007). It is well known that the organic ligands usually play a significant role in the crystal structures and magnetic properties of metal complexes (Ni *et al.*, 2017; Zhang *et al.*, 2016). Up to date, many  $\text{Fe}^{\text{III}}$  complexes with spin-crossover (SCO) behavior have been designed and synthesized through the subtle design and combination of different ligands. Among the many organic ligands, Schiff bases are the most common ligands for new  $\text{Fe}^{\text{III}}$  complexes due to their convenient synthesis and regulation. Compared with homo-ligand complexes, the employment of mixed ligands provides more selection and modification strategies for new magnetic complexes. In previous reports, the ligands 5-bromo-salicylaldehyde-2-pyridylhydrazone (5-Br-Hpsal), 5-bromo-salicylaldehyde-thiosemicarbazone (5-Br-H<sub>2</sub>thsa) and their derivatives have been explored to assembly  $\text{Fe}^{\text{III}}$  and  $\text{Mn}^{\text{III}}$  complexes with SCO behavior (Shongwe *et al.*, 2014). Recently, we obtained the title complex,  $[(\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_6\text{O}_2\text{SBr}_2)\text{Fe}]$  (I), using 5-Br-Hpsal and 5-Br-H<sub>2</sub>thsa ligands. Herein, we report the crystal structure and magnetic property of this iron(III) complex.



## 2. Structural commentary

The title complex (Fig. 1) crystallizes in the monoclinic space group  $C_2/c$ . Compound (I) is a neutral mononuclear complex

with two different rigid tridentate ligands – 5-Br-psal<sup>−</sup> and 5-Br-thsa<sup>2−</sup> – which adopt a meridional coordination mode. The central Fe<sup>III</sup> ion lies almost within the plane of each ligand [give deviations] and is coordinated to three nitrogen, two oxygen and one sulfur atoms from the two tridentate 5-Br-psal<sup>−</sup> and 5-Br-thsa<sup>2−</sup> ligands, forming a distorted octahedral FeN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S geometry. The Fe–O bond lengths are 1.943 (3) and 1.931 (3) Å, the Fe–N bond lengths range from 2.142 (3) to 2.157 (3) Å, and the Fe1–S1 bond length is 2.4093 (14) Å. All the bond lengths are normal and agree well with those in related high-spin state Fe<sup>III</sup> compounds (Li *et al.*, 2013; Phonsri *et al.*, 2017). The C1–S1 bond length [1.720 (4) Å] is comparable with the ordinary C–S bond length (Li & Sato, 2017), whereas the C1=N2 and C2=N3 bond distances [1.314 (5) and 1.287 (5) Å, respectively] are significantly smaller than those of C1–N1 [1.350 (5) Å] and C16–N5 [1.377 (6) Å] indicating the double-bond character. The bond angles further evidence the significantly distorted octahedral coordination geometry around the Fe<sup>III</sup> ion.



### 3. Supramolecular features

In the crystal, there are two independent hydrogen bonds (Table 1), which link the complex molecules into layers parallel to (100) (Fig. 2). In addition, there exist relatively strong  $\pi$ – $\pi$  interactions between the pyridine and benzene rings of the 5-Br-psal<sup>−</sup> ligands with a shortest interatomic distance of 3.485 (3) Å (Fig. 2).

### 4. Magnetic properties

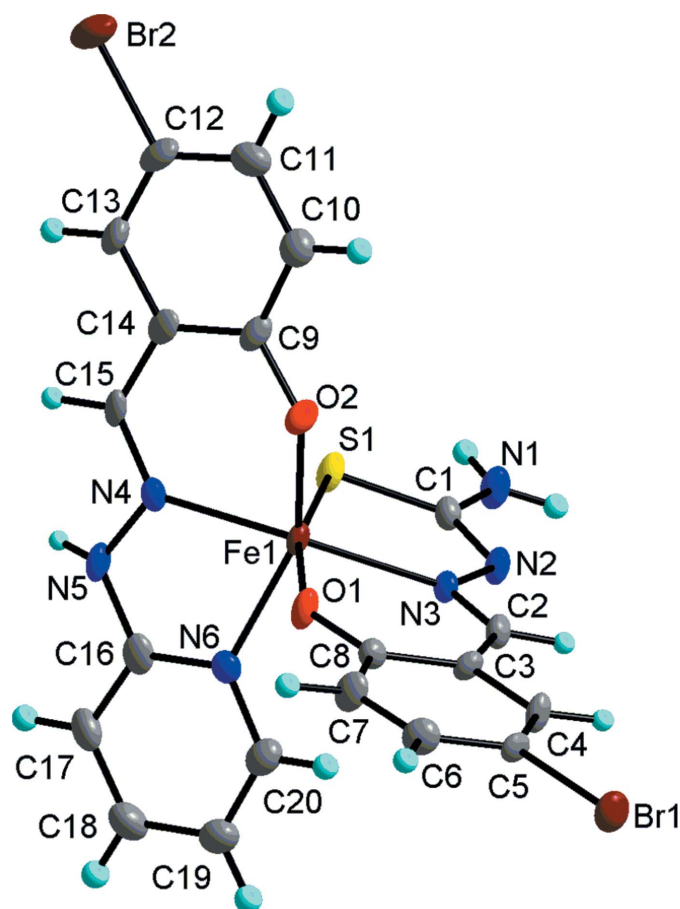
The magnetic susceptibilities of (I) have been measured in the temperature range 2–350 K under an applied magnetic field strength of 2000 Oe by SQUID magnetometry. A plot of  $\chi_m T$  versus  $T$  is presented in Fig. 3, where  $\chi_m$  represents the molar

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$N5-H5\cdots N2^i$	0.83 (4)	2.00 (4)	2.825 (5)	171 (4)
$N1-H1A\cdots O2^{ii}$	0.88	2.29	2.987 (4)	136

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (ii)  $x, -y + 2, z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

magnetic susceptibility per Fe<sup>III</sup> unit. The  $\chi_m T$  value is 4.042 emu K mol<sup>−1</sup> at room temperature, which is slightly smaller than the expected value of 4.375 emu K mol<sup>−1</sup> for the single spin carrier of high-spin Fe<sup>III</sup> ( $S = 5/2$ ) based on  $g = 2.0$ . The measurement of the magnetic property shows that the Fe<sup>III</sup> ion is in the high-spin state, which agrees well with the above-mentioned bond lengths around the Fe<sup>III</sup> ion. The  $\chi_m T$  value keeps nearly constant with decreasing temperature until around 75 K, and then it decreases quickly to a minimum value of 1.12 emu K mol<sup>−1</sup> at 2.0 K. This tendency to change of the  $\chi_m T$  curve indicates the existence of overall weak antiferromagnetic interactions in (I). The magnetic susceptibilities in the range of 2–350 K comply well with the Curie–Weiss law with a negative Weiss constant  $\theta = -4.28$  K, and Curie constant  $C = 4.08$  emu K mol<sup>−1</sup>, which further confirms the presence of overall intermolecular antiferromagnetic interactions between neighboring Fe<sup>III</sup> ions through intermolecular hydrogen bonds and  $\pi$ – $\pi$  interactions in complex (I).



**Figure 1**  
Molecular structure of (I) with 30% probability displacement ellipsoids.

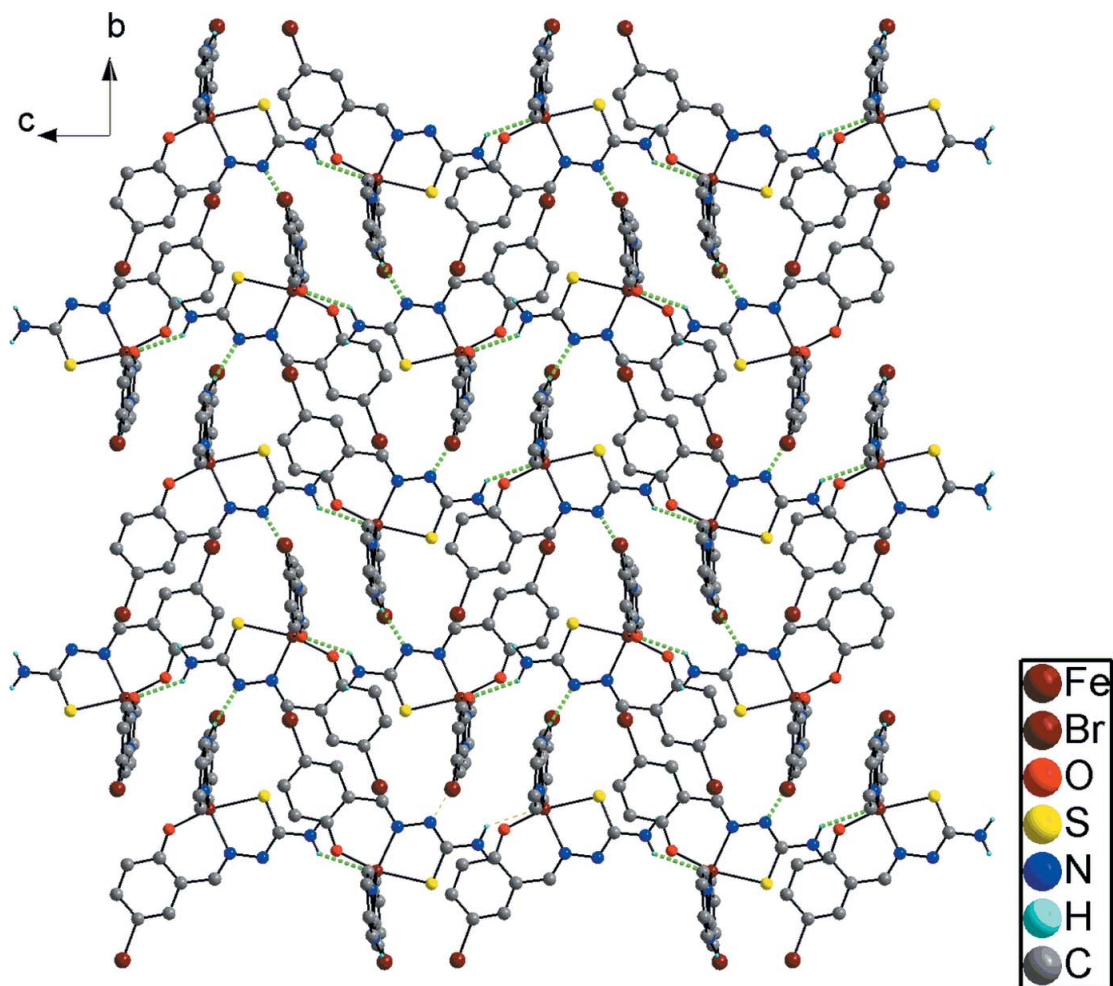


Figure 2  
The layered structure of (I) formed through hydrogen bonds (green dotted lines) and  $\pi$ - $\pi$  interactions.

## 5. Synthesis and crystallization

All reactions were conducted in air using reagent grade solvents. The 5-Br-Hpsal and 5-Br-H<sub>2</sub>thsa ligands were

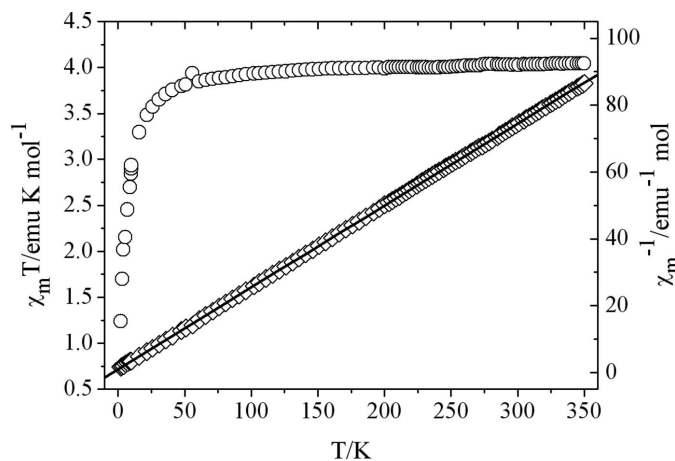


Figure 3  
Temperature dependencies of  $\chi_m T$  and  $\chi_m$  versus temperature (T) for complex (I) measured under an applied field of 2000 Oe. The solid line represents the fitting curve based on the Curie-Weiss law.

synthesized by refluxing equimolar 5-bromosalicylaldehyde with thiosemicarbazone and 2-pyridylhydrazine, respectively, in an ethanol solvent. All other chemicals were purchased from the Sigma Aldrich Chemical Company and used as received. The precursors  $[\text{Fe}(5\text{-Br-psal})_2]\text{Cl}$  and  $\text{Li}[\text{Fe}(5\text{-Br-thsa})_2]$  were prepared according to literature methods (Phonsri *et al.*, 2016).  $[\text{Fe}(5\text{-Br-psal})_2]\text{Cl}$  (0.2 mmol) and  $\text{Li}[\text{Fe}(5\text{-Br-thsa})_2]$  (0.2 mmol) were dissolved in acetonitrile (20 mL). The mixture was filtered and kept at room temperature for two days. Brown block-shaped single crystals were collected with a relatively high yield of 76%. Elemental analysis calculated for  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_6\text{O}_2\text{SBr}_2\text{Fe}$ : C, 38.80%; H, 2.44%; N, 13.57%; found: C, 38.72%, H, 2.38%; N, 13.62%.

## 6. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 2. The amino-H atom of  $5\text{-Br-psal}^-$  was found from the difference-Fourier map and refined isotropically. All other hydrogen atoms were placed in calculated positions with  $\text{C}-\text{H} = 0.88\text{--}0.95 \text{ \AA}$  and refined in the

**Table 2**  
Experimental details.

Crystal data	
Chemical formula	[Fe(C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>6</sub> BrN <sub>3</sub> OS)(C <sub>12</sub> H <sub>9</sub> BrN <sub>3</sub> O)]
<i>M</i> <sub>r</sub>	619.11
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, <i>C2/c</i>
Temperature (K)	123
<i>a</i> , <i>b</i> , <i>c</i> (Å)	21.145 (4), 14.738 (3), 15.471 (3)
$\beta$ (°)	112.47 (3)
<i>V</i> (Å <sup>3</sup> )	4455.2 (18)
<i>Z</i>	8
Radiation type	Mo <i>K</i> α
$\mu$ (mm <sup>-1</sup> )	4.39
Crystal size (mm)	0.12 × 0.10 × 0.08
Data collection	
Diffractometer	Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector
Absorption correction	Multi-scan ( <i>CrystalClear</i> ; Rigaku, 2008)
<i>T</i> <sub>min</sub> , <i>T</i> <sub>max</sub>	0.576, 0.707
No. of measured, independent and observed [ <i>I</i> > 2σ( <i>I</i> )] reflections	17937, 5012, 3514
<i>R</i> <sub>int</sub>	0.074
(sin θ/λ) <sub>max</sub> (Å <sup>-1</sup> )	0.649
Refinement	
<i>R</i> [ <i>F</i> <sup>2</sup> > 2σ( <i>F</i> <sup>2</sup> )], <i>wR</i> ( <i>F</i> <sup>2</sup> ), <i>S</i>	0.048, 0.106, 1.00
No. of reflections	5012
No. of parameters	293
H-atom treatment	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$\Delta\rho_{\max}$ , $\Delta\rho_{\min}$ (e Å <sup>-3</sup> )	0.53, -0.76

Computer programs: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 2008), *SHELXS97* and *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008), *SHELXL2014* (Sheldrick, 2015) and *pubCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

riding model with fixed isotropic displacement parameters [*U*<sub>iso</sub>(H) = 1.2*U*<sub>eq</sub>(C,N)].

### Funding information

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## supporting information

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## A new mononuclear neutral high-spin iron(III) complex with the different tridentate ligands 5-bromosalicylaldehyde (pyridin-2-yl)hydrazone and 5-bromosalicylaldehyde thiosemicarbazone

**Yun Zhao, Xiao-Feng Shen and Li-Fang Zhang**

### Computing details

Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 2008); cell refinement: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 2008); data reduction: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 2008); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL2014* (Sheldrick, 2015); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

[1-(5-Bromo-2-oxidobenzylidene)thiosemicarbazidato](4-bromo-2-[[2-(pyridin-2-yl)hydrazinylidene]methyl]phenolato)iron(III)

### Crystal data

[Fe(C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>6</sub>BrN<sub>3</sub>OS)(C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>9</sub>BrN<sub>3</sub>O)]  
*M<sub>r</sub>* = 619.11  
 Monoclinic, *C2/c*  
*a* = 21.145 (4) Å  
*b* = 14.738 (3) Å  
*c* = 15.471 (3) Å  
 $\beta$  = 112.47 (3)°  
*V* = 4455.2 (18) Å<sup>3</sup>  
*Z* = 8

*F*(000) = 2440  
*D<sub>x</sub>* = 1.846 Mg m<sup>-3</sup>  
 Mo *K*α radiation,  $\lambda$  = 0.71073 Å  
 Cell parameters from 2456 reflections  
 $\theta$  = 3.0–26.6°  
 $\mu$  = 4.39 mm<sup>-1</sup>  
*T* = 123 K  
 Block, brown  
 0.12 × 0.10 × 0.08 mm

### Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer  
 Radiation source: Rotating Anode  $\omega$  scans  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrystalClear; Rigaku, 2008)  
*T<sub>min</sub>* = 0.576, *T<sub>max</sub>* = 0.707  
 17937 measured reflections

5012 independent reflections  
 3514 reflections with *I* > 2σ(*I*)  
*R<sub>int</sub>* = 0.074  
 $\theta_{\max}$  = 27.5°,  $\theta_{\min}$  = 3.1°  
*h* = -27→25  
*k* = -18→19  
*l* = -20→18

### Refinement

Refinement on *F*<sup>2</sup>  
 Least-squares matrix: full  
*R* [*F*<sup>2</sup> > 2σ(*F*<sup>2</sup>)] = 0.048  
*wR* (*F*<sup>2</sup>) = 0.106  
*S* = 1.00  
 5012 reflections  
 293 parameters

0 restraints  
 Primary atom site location: difference Fourier map  
 Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map  
 Hydrogen site location: mixed



H atoms treated by a mixture of independent  
and constrained refinement  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0455P)^2 + 0.2543P]$   
where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.53 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.76 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

### Special details

**Geometry.** All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Fe1	0.25435 (3)	0.91027 (4)	0.12510 (4)	0.01599 (15)
Br1	0.11616 (2)	1.34761 (3)	-0.13350 (3)	0.02748 (14)
Br2	0.56554 (3)	0.64748 (4)	0.14892 (4)	0.04080 (16)
O1	0.20626 (15)	0.96909 (19)	0.00536 (18)	0.0228 (7)
O2	0.33707 (15)	0.91116 (19)	0.1001 (2)	0.0226 (7)
S1	0.30696 (6)	0.87380 (7)	0.28908 (7)	0.0232 (3)
N1	0.32499 (18)	0.9869 (2)	0.4275 (2)	0.0250 (8)
H1A	0.3225	1.0394	0.4532	0.030*
H1B	0.3446	0.9402	0.4631	0.030*
N2	0.27026 (18)	1.0507 (2)	0.2850 (2)	0.0184 (8)
N3	0.24650 (17)	1.0386 (2)	0.1873 (2)	0.0160 (7)
N4	0.26090 (17)	0.7660 (2)	0.1140 (2)	0.0165 (7)
N5	0.20634 (19)	0.7168 (2)	0.1166 (2)	0.0212 (8)
N6	0.15575 (18)	0.8575 (2)	0.1092 (2)	0.0198 (8)
C1	0.2987 (2)	0.9781 (3)	0.3335 (3)	0.0183 (9)
C2	0.2241 (2)	1.1126 (3)	0.1416 (3)	0.0191 (9)
H2	0.2272	1.1656	0.1780	0.023*
C3	0.1945 (2)	1.1242 (3)	0.0406 (3)	0.0171 (9)
C4	0.1734 (2)	1.2118 (3)	0.0059 (3)	0.0190 (9)
H4	0.1792	1.2605	0.0484	0.023*
C5	0.1448 (2)	1.2278 (3)	-0.0876 (3)	0.0182 (9)
C6	0.1360 (2)	1.1570 (3)	-0.1512 (3)	0.0252 (10)
H6	0.1161	1.1686	-0.2165	0.030*
C7	0.1558 (2)	1.0713 (3)	-0.1194 (3)	0.0246 (10)
H7	0.1490	1.0235	-0.1632	0.030*
C8	0.1863 (2)	1.0516 (3)	-0.0228 (3)	0.0170 (9)
C9	0.3869 (2)	0.8521 (3)	0.1141 (3)	0.0211 (10)
C10	0.4514 (2)	0.8828 (3)	0.1204 (3)	0.0272 (10)
H10	0.4588	0.9460	0.1170	0.033*
C11	0.5042 (2)	0.8236 (3)	0.1311 (3)	0.0298 (11)
H11	0.5477	0.8453	0.1361	0.036*
C12	0.4922 (2)	0.7305 (3)	0.1347 (3)	0.0295 (11)
C13	0.4306 (2)	0.6972 (3)	0.1282 (3)	0.0241 (10)
H13	0.4240	0.6335	0.1299	0.029*
C14	0.3763 (2)	0.7575 (3)	0.1191 (3)	0.0207 (9)

C15	0.3135 (2)	0.7189 (3)	0.1168 (3)	0.0202 (9)
H15	0.3101	0.6546	0.1172	0.024*
C16	0.1507 (2)	0.7671 (3)	0.1137 (3)	0.0209 (9)
C17	0.0910 (2)	0.7237 (3)	0.1113 (3)	0.0279 (11)
H17	0.0889	0.6595	0.1157	0.034*
C18	0.0352 (2)	0.7776 (3)	0.1022 (3)	0.0315 (11)
H18	-0.0060	0.7505	0.1005	0.038*
C19	0.0396 (2)	0.8719 (3)	0.0956 (3)	0.0312 (11)
H19	0.0016	0.9099	0.0885	0.037*
C20	0.1007 (2)	0.9079 (3)	0.0996 (3)	0.0269 (10)
H20	0.1041	0.9718	0.0953	0.032*
H5	0.214 (2)	0.665 (3)	0.140 (3)	0.022 (13)*

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Fe1	0.0230 (3)	0.0106 (3)	0.0143 (3)	0.0020 (3)	0.0071 (3)	-0.0004 (2)
Br1	0.0358 (3)	0.0187 (2)	0.0243 (2)	0.0050 (2)	0.0074 (2)	0.00645 (19)
Br2	0.0304 (3)	0.0502 (4)	0.0369 (3)	0.0172 (2)	0.0073 (2)	-0.0101 (2)
O1	0.0372 (19)	0.0142 (15)	0.0146 (15)	0.0049 (13)	0.0073 (14)	0.0016 (12)
O2	0.0283 (17)	0.0176 (15)	0.0253 (16)	0.0048 (14)	0.0140 (14)	0.0042 (13)
S1	0.0350 (7)	0.0156 (5)	0.0160 (5)	0.0058 (5)	0.0063 (5)	-0.0004 (4)
N1	0.037 (2)	0.019 (2)	0.0144 (18)	0.0031 (17)	0.0049 (17)	0.0010 (15)
N2	0.029 (2)	0.0158 (18)	0.0109 (16)	0.0016 (15)	0.0085 (15)	-0.0026 (14)
N3	0.0220 (19)	0.0145 (18)	0.0129 (17)	0.0002 (15)	0.0082 (15)	-0.0029 (13)
N4	0.0217 (19)	0.0160 (18)	0.0098 (16)	-0.0018 (15)	0.0038 (14)	-0.0010 (13)
N5	0.032 (2)	0.0092 (18)	0.0214 (19)	-0.0001 (16)	0.0096 (17)	0.0003 (15)
N6	0.0219 (19)	0.019 (2)	0.0152 (18)	-0.0012 (16)	0.0035 (15)	-0.0012 (14)
C1	0.024 (2)	0.014 (2)	0.018 (2)	-0.0017 (18)	0.0093 (19)	-0.0021 (16)
C2	0.026 (2)	0.013 (2)	0.020 (2)	0.0003 (18)	0.0116 (19)	-0.0010 (17)
C3	0.022 (2)	0.016 (2)	0.014 (2)	0.0054 (18)	0.0071 (18)	0.0024 (16)
C4	0.033 (3)	0.011 (2)	0.014 (2)	0.0027 (18)	0.0101 (19)	0.0021 (16)
C5	0.020 (2)	0.014 (2)	0.021 (2)	0.0034 (17)	0.0072 (18)	0.0052 (17)
C6	0.030 (3)	0.029 (3)	0.015 (2)	0.004 (2)	0.0070 (19)	0.0036 (19)
C7	0.034 (3)	0.026 (3)	0.012 (2)	0.004 (2)	0.0065 (19)	-0.0018 (18)
C8	0.018 (2)	0.015 (2)	0.018 (2)	0.0013 (17)	0.0056 (18)	0.0027 (16)
C9	0.029 (3)	0.021 (2)	0.014 (2)	0.009 (2)	0.0096 (19)	0.0027 (17)
C10	0.031 (3)	0.029 (3)	0.023 (2)	-0.001 (2)	0.011 (2)	-0.001 (2)
C11	0.023 (3)	0.040 (3)	0.025 (2)	0.000 (2)	0.007 (2)	-0.003 (2)
C12	0.029 (3)	0.035 (3)	0.024 (2)	0.012 (2)	0.009 (2)	-0.004 (2)
C13	0.032 (3)	0.018 (2)	0.022 (2)	0.004 (2)	0.010 (2)	-0.0044 (18)
C14	0.027 (2)	0.023 (2)	0.011 (2)	0.0045 (19)	0.0060 (18)	-0.0031 (17)
C15	0.029 (3)	0.012 (2)	0.013 (2)	0.0022 (18)	0.0000 (18)	-0.0017 (16)
C16	0.030 (2)	0.021 (2)	0.0089 (19)	-0.003 (2)	0.0035 (18)	-0.0010 (16)
C17	0.034 (3)	0.028 (3)	0.024 (2)	-0.008 (2)	0.012 (2)	-0.006 (2)
C18	0.027 (3)	0.035 (3)	0.030 (3)	-0.009 (2)	0.008 (2)	-0.002 (2)
C19	0.026 (3)	0.036 (3)	0.029 (3)	0.004 (2)	0.007 (2)	-0.001 (2)
C20	0.029 (3)	0.027 (2)	0.023 (2)	0.005 (2)	0.009 (2)	-0.002 (2)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

Fe1—O2	1.931 (3)	C4—C5	1.359 (5)
Fe1—O1	1.943 (3)	C4—H4	0.9500
Fe1—N4	2.142 (3)	C5—C6	1.396 (6)
Fe1—N6	2.150 (4)	C6—C7	1.362 (6)
Fe1—N3	2.157 (3)	C6—H6	0.9500
Fe1—S1	2.4093 (14)	C7—C8	1.412 (5)
Br1—C5	1.913 (4)	C7—H7	0.9500
Br2—C12	1.921 (4)	C9—C10	1.405 (6)
O1—C8	1.307 (5)	C9—C14	1.418 (6)
O2—C9	1.318 (5)	C10—C11	1.376 (6)
S1—C1	1.720 (4)	C10—H10	0.9500
N1—C1	1.350 (5)	C11—C12	1.399 (6)
N1—H1A	0.8800	C11—H11	0.9500
N1—H1B	0.8800	C12—C13	1.361 (6)
N2—C1	1.314 (5)	C13—C14	1.416 (6)
N2—N3	1.409 (4)	C13—H13	0.9500
N3—C2	1.287 (5)	C14—C15	1.433 (6)
N4—C15	1.298 (5)	C15—H15	0.9500
N4—N5	1.376 (5)	C16—C17	1.403 (6)
N5—C16	1.377 (6)	C17—C18	1.384 (6)
N5—H5	0.83 (4)	C17—H17	0.9500
N6—C20	1.339 (5)	C18—C19	1.400 (6)
N6—C16	1.341 (5)	C18—H18	0.9500
C2—C3	1.454 (5)	C19—C20	1.376 (6)
C2—H2	0.9500	C19—H19	0.9500
C3—C4	1.403 (5)	C20—H20	0.9500
C3—C8	1.416 (5)		
O2—Fe1—O1	89.41 (12)	C4—C5—Br1	120.3 (3)
O2—Fe1—N4	84.23 (12)	C6—C5—Br1	119.4 (3)
O1—Fe1—N4	113.13 (12)	C7—C6—C5	119.9 (4)
O2—Fe1—N6	153.25 (13)	C7—C6—H6	120.0
O1—Fe1—N6	85.48 (13)	C5—C6—H6	120.0
N4—Fe1—N6	73.81 (13)	C6—C7—C8	121.7 (4)
O2—Fe1—N3	108.28 (13)	C6—C7—H7	119.2
O1—Fe1—N3	86.13 (12)	C8—C7—H7	119.2
N4—Fe1—N3	157.59 (12)	O1—C8—C7	120.1 (4)
N6—Fe1—N3	97.57 (13)	O1—C8—C3	122.3 (4)
O2—Fe1—S1	97.11 (10)	C7—C8—C3	117.6 (4)
O1—Fe1—S1	165.00 (9)	O2—C9—C10	119.5 (4)
N4—Fe1—S1	81.07 (9)	O2—C9—C14	121.7 (4)
N6—Fe1—S1	94.42 (10)	C10—C9—C14	118.7 (4)
N3—Fe1—S1	79.01 (9)	C11—C10—C9	121.7 (4)
C8—O1—Fe1	135.9 (3)	C11—C10—H10	119.1
C9—O2—Fe1	133.6 (3)	C9—C10—H10	119.1
C1—S1—Fe1	98.35 (14)	C10—C11—C12	118.5 (4)



C1—N1—H1A	120.0	C10—C11—H11	120.8
C1—N1—H1B	120.0	C12—C11—H11	120.8
H1A—N1—H1B	120.0	C13—C12—C11	122.2 (4)
C1—N2—N3	114.1 (3)	C13—C12—Br2	119.1 (4)
C2—N3—N2	112.8 (3)	C11—C12—Br2	118.6 (4)
C2—N3—Fe1	125.0 (3)	C12—C13—C14	119.8 (4)
N2—N3—Fe1	122.2 (2)	C12—C13—H13	120.1
C15—N4—N5	115.8 (4)	C14—C13—H13	120.1
C15—N4—Fe1	127.5 (3)	C13—C14—C9	119.0 (4)
N5—N4—Fe1	116.1 (2)	C13—C14—C15	117.4 (4)
N4—N5—C16	115.6 (4)	C9—C14—C15	123.5 (4)
N4—N5—H5	118 (3)	N4—C15—C14	124.2 (4)
C16—N5—H5	122 (3)	N4—C15—H15	117.9
C20—N6—C16	118.2 (4)	C14—C15—H15	117.9
C20—N6—Fe1	125.1 (3)	N6—C16—N5	116.9 (4)
C16—N6—Fe1	116.6 (3)	N6—C16—C17	122.8 (4)
N2—C1—N1	116.6 (4)	N5—C16—C17	120.3 (4)
N2—C1—S1	126.4 (3)	C18—C17—C16	117.6 (4)
N1—C1—S1	117.0 (3)	C18—C17—H17	121.2
N3—C2—C3	127.3 (4)	C16—C17—H17	121.2
N3—C2—H2	116.4	C17—C18—C19	120.0 (4)
C3—C2—H2	116.4	C17—C18—H18	120.0
C4—C3—C8	119.5 (4)	C19—C18—H18	120.0
C4—C3—C2	117.5 (4)	C20—C19—C18	117.8 (4)
C8—C3—C2	123.0 (4)	C20—C19—H19	121.1
C5—C4—C3	121.0 (4)	C18—C19—H19	121.1
C5—C4—H4	119.5	N6—C20—C19	123.6 (5)
C3—C4—H4	119.5	N6—C20—H20	118.2
C4—C5—C6	120.3 (4)	C19—C20—H20	118.2

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
N5—H5...N2 <sup>i</sup>	0.83 (4)	2.00 (4)	2.825 (5)	171 (4)
N1—H1A...O2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.88	2.29	2.987 (4)	136

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+1/2, y-1/2, -z+1/2$ ; (ii)  $x, -y+2, z+1/2$ .