

Kinematics governing mechanotransduction in the Venus flytrap

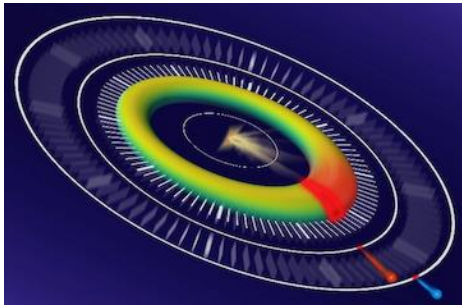


For insects, touching the sensory hairs of a *Venus flytrap* is famously dangerous. Recent work established that already a single touch can provide sufficient mechanical stimulation to evoke an electrical response in the sensory cells near the base of the hair, which in turn triggers trap closure. It remained unclear, however, how the deflection of sensory hairs is kinematically linked to the deformation of sensory cells. An interdisciplinary team now developed a 3D multi-scale computational model, based on μ CT images obtained at the TOMCAT beamline.

Exploring the model, they found that the highest cell-wall stretch is produced not where they expected. Instead, the flytrap seems to have developed an optimized cell morphology to transduce the mechanical stimulus into ‘hotspots’ of particularly high sensitivity.

E. Saikia et al., International Journal of Molecular Sciences **22**, 280 (2021) / [DOI: 10.3390/ijms22010280](https://doi.org/10.3390/ijms22010280)

Clocking Auger electrons



A major obstacle to exploiting the uniquely intense short pulses provided by XFELs has been the difficulty to synchronise them with the external laser pulses needed to trigger electron dynamics in matter. To overcome this limitation, an international team including SwissFEL researchers developed a method termed ‘self-referenced attosecond streaking’ and demonstrated it at the Linac Coherent Light Source (US) to measure the few-femtosecond Auger decay lifetime in neon gas. Their approach is based on established methods from optical laser spectroscopy,

but crucially does not rely on precise synchronisation between two light pulses. Instead, a large number of individual measurements are combined to identify global trends.

Read the full story: <https://www.psi.ch/en/lno/scientific-highlights/clocking-the-movement-of-electrons-inside-an-atom-0>

D.C. Haynes et al., Nature Physics, 18 January 2021 (online) / [DOI: 10.1038/s41567-020-01111-0](https://doi.org/10.1038/s41567-020-01111-0)

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Read more: <https://synchrotron-analysis.ch/>.